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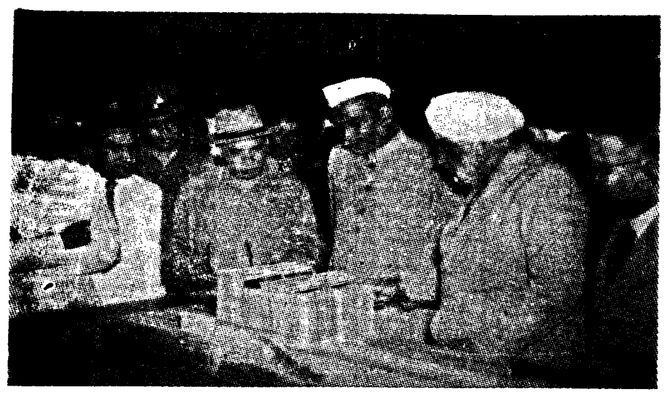
President Visits Bhakra Dam



The Bhakra Dam—a multipurpose project and its subsidiary the Nangal Project, in the Punjab (I) on their completion are expected between them to yield 400,000 of power and irrigate an additional 2,000,000 acres of land. The site of the Projects was visited by the President of India, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, during his recent tour of the Punjab. Here he is being shown the model of Nangal Project by Sardar Swarup Singh, Chief Engineer, Punjab. Appearing at the President's right is H. E. Shri Chandu Lal Trivedi, Governor of the Punjab.—P.I.B.

TRUMAN TO MEET MacARTHUR

TO DISCUSS FINAL PHASE IN KOREA

Conference In Hawaii

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10, (PTI-Reuter).

PRESIDENT TRUMAN announced today he will meet General Douglas MacArthur in the Pacific this weekend to discuss "the final phase of United Nations action in Korea."

Mr. Truman said in a statement that he would also discuss with General MacArthur "other matters within his responsibility."

The President did not say where exactly he would meet the United Nations commander, but it was presumed to be somewhere west of Hawaii.

Accompanying the President to the meeting will be General Omar Bradley, Chairman of the American Joint Chiefs of Staff and Mr. Averell Harriman, special assistant to the President on foreign affairs.

He will also have with him Dr. Philip C. Jessup, Ambassador-at-Large and Mr. Dean Rusk Assistant Secretary of State for Far Eastern affairs.

The Secretary of the Army, Mr. Frank Pace may also make the trip.

Mr. Truman will take off from St. Louis Missouri on Thursday in the White House plane "Independence" for Hawaii.

This will be the first stop on a trip expected to last about a week.

Pre-Censorship Against The Constitution

MADRAS Oct. 10 (PTI).

MR. P. A. KRISHNAKUTTY NAIR, Third Presidency Magistrate, today held Section Fifteen of the Indian Press Emergency Act void as it imposed pre-censorship — "an arbitrary restriction on the freedom of speech and expression guaranteed under the Indian Constitution."

The Magistrate therefore, ordered the discharge of Sankaranayayanan, who stood charged under Section 15 (1) of the Press Emergency Act for having distributed unauthorised leaflets.

The Magistrate said that on going through this section of the Act, he was definitely of the opinion that it prescribed pre-censorship on a journal or leaflet and the power to be exercised by the Magistrate appeared to be "rather arbitrary".

"Freedom of speech includes freedom of propagation of ideas and it is a personal right which is guaranteed to every citizen under the Indian Constitution", he added.

He, therefore, held Section 15 of the Act void.

POLICE LOCK-UP BROKEN OPEN

Arrested Persons Rescued

PATNA, Oct. 10 (UPI).—A band of Gurkhas belonging to the local Railway Protection Police Force, raided the railway police station at Dinapur (E.I.R.) last night following the arrest of one of their comrades.

They are alleged to have assaulted the A.S.I., broke into the police 'hajat' and cut the telephone wires. They also looted the police 'maljhana', removed a revolver and took away some cash and forcibly rescued some arrested persons by breaking open the lock-up.

It is reported that a railway goods train, some wagons of which contained ammunition, was passing through Patna junction. While the train was moving, a Nepali sepoy along with seven others boarded the train. The armed guards accompanying the train took strong exception to the entry of the Gurkha sepoy into the train.

SEPOY ARRESTED

When the train arrived at Dinapur, the guards arrested the Gurkha sepoy together with seven other persons, and handed them over the railway police. The railway police put them all except the Gurkha sepoy under custody. They asked the latter to find a bailer. On this he suggested that a constable should be sent to the camp, where other Gurkhas of the force are lodged.

Accordingly a constable was sent there and a Gurkha Subedar came and began to argue with the A.S.I. on duty, and insisted on taking away the arrested Gurkha sepoy without furnishing the necessary bail. The ASI objected to this.

The Gurkha Subedar, it is stated, became furious and pointed his revolver at the ASI and was about to open fire when some constables overpowered him and snatched away his revolver.

On receipt of information about the disturbance, about one and a half dozen Gurkhas, it is reported, rushed to the spot. The Gurkhas after a sharp skirmish, chased the Assistant Station Master to the railway telephone room, and are alleged to have assaulted the railway guard. They are also alleged to have cut the telephone wires, looted police 'maljhana', removed a revolver and freed a few persons who were under lock-up.

Mr. Upadhyaya, Commandant of the Railway Protection Force, immediately on receipt of information of the occurrence rushed to the scene accompanied by Mr. C. Smedley, Commandant of the Military Police, and succeeded in easing the situation which had become tense, adds PTI.

Disciplinary action has already been taken against eight sepoys of the Railway Protection Force and further investigation is proceeding.

MADRAS, Oct. 10 (PTI): Three shipments carrying 22,800 tons of wheat and wheat flour from Australia arrived in Madras and Cochin harbours last week.

MORE STRIKERS ATTEND WORK IN MILLS

Decision On Continuance To Be Taken Today

BOMBAY, Tuesday

SUBSTANTIAL improvement was reported in attendance and the number of mills working today. Twelve additional mills started working this morning, bringing the total number of mills which were working to 38. Out of this number 24 had partial complements during the two shifts. The total attendance in all the mills was 37,509.

Two persons were arrested for intimidating workers going to the mills.

The Socialist Mill Mazdoor Sabha which has been having recurrent discussion to decide the course of action to be taken with regard to the award of the Appellate Tribunal has sent some of its workers to the mill area to feel the pulse of the strikers, and obtain their reactions to the award.

On the basis of the reactions obtained by the members of the Strike Committee, who have been moving around the textile area since yesterday, a resolution will be framed either for or against a continuance of the strike. The resolution will be placed before the workers for ratification at a rally to be held tomorrow evening at Bandra.

STRIKE DECISION

However, the members to the Strike Committee have been able to go around only a few of the labour wards, and a full assessment of the attitude of the strikers to the award is not available for the Mill Mazdoor Sabha's office bearers to form a decision. It is expected that by tomorrow the Sabha will be in a position to take a decision on the award.

In the meantime the Girni Kamgar Union has addressed a letter through Mr. S. S. Mirajkar to the Secretary of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha suggesting the framing of a common policy with regard to the award. There seems to be no likelihood of discussions being held between the Socialist and Communist organisations, as the Sabha has made it clear that it will have no truck with the Communist sponsored union.

The order of the Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, prohibiting meetings and processions within the limits of the Police Stations of Paltan Road, Esplanade Road (excluding Fort area), Princess Street, Pydhoni, Dongri, Maharbouri, Lamington Road, Gamdevi and Sewri has been extended for 15 days, from October 12. A similar ban continues to be in force within the limits of the Police Stations of Agripada, Nagpada, Byculla, Kalachowki, Bhoiwada, Kingsway, DeLisle Road, Dadar, Mahim and Kurla and in Fort area under separate orders.

69 Dead In Punjab Floods

SIMLA, Oct. 10. (PTI): Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, the Punjab Chief Minister told the State Assembly today that 69 people had lost their lives in the recent floods in six districts of Jullundur Division. The Chief Minister who was speaking during the debate on the flood situation stated 2,13,828 houses were either demolished or damaged.

Lightning B.E.S.T. Strike Again

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

B.E.S.T. bus employees operating the service in the Northern sector of the city went on two hour strike this evening, as a protest against the arrest of four of the office-bearers of the Staff Union.

It is reported that the arrested men were involved in the assault of a conductor in a tramcar on Saturday, when the conductor was relieved of Rs. 123. The alleged assailants are stated to have been negotiating with the Management of the B.E.S.T. to get some of the demands of the Union sanctioned.

The bus service from Victoria Gardens to the suburbs was brought to a complete standstill between the hours of six and eight this evening, the routes affected being the A, D, and the Limited services to the North. Buses in certain parts of the suburbs were also not working.

U.N. TANKS BREAK OUT OF N. KOREAN DEFENCES

Wonsan Falls: Reds Withdraw

TOKYO, October 10 (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED Nations tanks and infantry today broke out on either side of North Korean troops manning defences just north of the 38th Parallel.

The determined Northerners, dug in on hills above the Kaesung-Pyongyang road, four miles north of the Parallel, poured down concentrated mortar, machine gun and rifle fire. In the words of one wounded G.I.: "These guys only stop fighting when they are dead".

Not more than 150 Communists had surrendered since General Douglas MacArthur threw American and British forces against the 38th Parallel defences forty eight hours ago.

Prisoners said the Communists were concentrating around Kumchon, fifteen miles north of the Parallel on the main Kaesong-Pyongyang highway.

Reports from United Nations pilots indicated the Communists might be pulling men back from defences just north of the Parallel for a stronger stand nearer Pyongyang.

HEAVY CASUALTIES

American casualties in the drive along the Pyongyang road were reported fairly heavy, but most wounds were minor, according to frontline reports.

Communist resistance in Wonsan crumbled today in the face of a three-pronged South Korean infantry assault supported by artillery and warplanes. The defenders withdrew to hills north-west and west of the city.

South Korean patrols pushed forward a short distance north and west of the city. The main force was expected to turn west along the main highway across the neck of Korea in Pyongyang.

American First Cavalry Division troops who crossed the 38th Parallel at the week-end today advanced four miles on the direct road to Pyongyang, frontline reports said.

British and American troops who crossed the Yehong river on the west flank in a drive for the west coast of North Korea beat off three attacks by not more than 150 Communists and then advanced against light opposition beyond Paenchon on the northern side of the Parallel.

The right arm of the attack reached Yongchongni in strength and pushed on in a north-easterly direction against Communists armed only with rifles and machine-guns.

A British brigade was in the United Nations spearhead which drove west of Kaesong across the Yesong river into North Korea, Air Marshal C. A. Bouchier, British Liaison Officer, on General MacArthur's staff said here tonight.

VIET MINH OVERWHELM FRENCH TROOPS

Bloody Fighting Near Frontier Fortress

SAIGON, October 10 (PTI-Reuter).

THE French Army announced in a communique tonight that its covering force, engaged in a weekend battle in northern Indo-China, had been "overwhelmed" after bloody fighting in which well-trained Vietminh (insurgent) forces attacked them from all sides.

The French Force was covering the evacuation of Caubong, French garrison post on the China frontier.

After marching 30 miles across dense jungle-clad mountains, part of the garrison had reached the French frontier fortress of Thatkhe.

The force fighting north-west of the fortress was overwhelmed on October 7, the communique added.

RED CROSS TRUCE

French and Vietminh representatives were due to meet today to negotiate a Red Cross truce after the week-end "battle to destruction" near the northern frontier fortress of Thatkhe, Indo-China, a French Army spokesman said tonight.

The truce was called for by the Vietminh (Insurgent) forces and agreed to by the French.

Vietminh forces appealed by radio for the meeting "for certain humanitarian reasons" after a five-day battle north-west of the French frontier fortress of Thatkhe.

French Army sources announced that French forces in the week-end "battle to destruction" totalled five and a half battalions, of an average strength of about 600.

SEVEN WORKERS KILLED IN COALMINE ACCIDENT

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (PTI).

SEVEN miners lost their lives in an accident in a coalmine at the Dhori colliery at Dhanbad on October 4. The body of one miner has been recovered, and it is feared that the recovery of other bodies may be impossible.

Announcing this, a Labour Ministry press note issued today states: "Seven miners were killed as a result of an accident which occurred on October 4 at Bokaro Ramgarh Limited, Dhori Colliery, Bermo, Dhanbad.

The accident is alleged to have been caused by the eruption of water into underground workings from a water logged old quarry. A contributory factory appears to be the reliance on a plan which was not correct. An inquiry is being proceeded with by the Government Inspector of Mines and his detailed report is awaited.

"The body of only one miner has been found so far, and though attempts are being made to recover the other bodies, it is felt that they were likely to be carried away with the debris and haulage line packing into the dip workings where recovery is impossible. The Government of India expresses regret and offer their sympathy to the next of kin of the deceased.

Soviet Protest To U.S.

ALLEGED STRAFING BY FIGHTERS

MOSCOW, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter):—Soviet Russia today accused two United States Shooting Star fighters of strafing a Soviet airport Sukhaya Kechka 60 miles within Soviet territory from North Korea.

The Soviet Union, in a note published today said the aircraft machine-gunned and damaged the airfield which is in the narrow strip of Soviet territory running between Manchuria and the Sea of Japan down to the North Korean border. The airfield is not far from the Soviet base and port of Vladivostock.

Mr. Andrei Gromyko, Soviet First Deputy Foreign Minister, yesterday handed a note lodging a resolute protest personally to Mr. Walworth Barbour, United States Minister Counsellor in Moscow.

Mr. Barbour refused to accept the note on the ground that the matter pertained to the United Nations. The Soviet Foreign Ministry then sent the note to the American Embassy.

(In Washington today a State Department spokesman said the Moscow Embassy sent the note back to the Ministry several hours later).

Mr. Gromyko has told Mr. Barbour his argument was groundless as American aircraft were involved.

The note demanded strict punishment of those responsible for the violation of Soviet territory and warned that responsibility for the consequences of such actions on the part of the American airforce falls entirely on the Government of the United States.

The text of the Soviet note was circulated today by the official Soviet news agency Tass. (See Page 5)

WASHINGTON: The State Department said tonight it had received no information from General MacArthur's Far Eastern Command on the alleged strafing of a Russian aerodrome by two American jet fighters.

Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador to the United States, saw off her daughter, Mrs. Ashok Mehta, when she left New York by air for London and Switzerland on October 9. Mrs. Mehta, who was accompanied by her three-month-old son, Arjun, will join her husband, who is Secretary to the Indian legation in Berne.

Mandal Worked As India's Agent

LEAGUE OFFICIAL REFUTES CHARGES

DACCA, Oct. 10 (PTI): Commenting on Mr. Jogendranath Mandal's resignation in a joint statement today, Shah Azizur Rahman, officiating Secretary, East Pakistan Muslim League, and Saheb Alam President, Dacca City Muslim League, said "Mr. Mandal's dramatic statement did not come to us as a surprise. The charges, he had levelled against Pakistan and its people were not only baseless and false but mischievous and malicious. Since the assumption of high office as a Minister in the Pakistan Central Cabinet he had been working as an agent of India. Last time, when he came to East Pakistan he made provocative speeches against Pakistan".

TEHERAN, Oct. 10. (PTI-Reuter): The American Import-Export Bank has granted Persia a 25 million dollar loan to improve roads, communications and agriculture Prime Minister General Haji Ali Razmara told the Majlis (Parliament) here today.

CLOTH SHARKS ABOVE LAW

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10 (PTI), The enforcement branch of Calcutta police are, it is learned, preparing a list of blackmarketeers and profiteers in cloth in the State which will be submitted to the Government for action under the Preventive Detention Act.

According to the police, there is no law under which a person could be prosecuted for selling cloth at more than controlled price.

The cloth position in Calcutta continues to be bad.

Long queues are to be seen in front of almost all 180 retail shops. Although in retail shops stocks are limited, a large quantity of cloth is available at hawker's corners at fancy prices.

Nepali Leader Arrested

RAXAUL, Oct. 10 (UPI): Shri Ganeshman Singh, a prominent Nepali Congress leader, wanted by Nepal Police since 1944, when he escaped from Kathmandu Jail, was arrested in Thori Hills on October 4. From Thori, Ganeshman was brought to Birganj and sent under a heavy guard in a special train. He reached Kathmandu this morning.

Explosives In Train

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10 (UPI): Explosives including some rifle cartridges were seized from an unclaimed suit case from a compartment of down Khulna passenger at Bongaon by customs officials last night.

No arrest was made.

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Wanted an engineer with qualifications in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering of B.Sc. (Engg.), Benares, or like qualifications, by a large Industrial concern in Bombay. Freshers also entertained. Good prospects. Apply Box No. 8848, "Bombay Chronicle".

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A New Batch— Davar's College of Commerce— October enrolments commenced for all General and Specialised Diploma Courses in Commerce. Enrol immediately. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (2169)

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A most powerful, highly effective and World renowned remedy for asthma "asthma cure chitrakot, hills hansraj herbs" cures asthma radically by one single dose taken on 25-10-'50 Sarad Purnima full moon. Correspondence in English or Hindi. Mahatma Tiyagi Baba, Ansuiya Ashram Chitrakot (Banda) U.P. (2160)

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Printing Press Rotary Duplex with Motor For Sale, four and eight page, first class condition subject independent inspection full details apply Manager, China Mail, Hong Kong. (8874 B)

Linotype Machines American (two) For Sale, rebuilt first class order, Model 14 with 12 pt. and 9 pt. matrix, three Magazines, Model 18 with 8 pt. and 10 pt. matrix two Magazines both fitted with Electric Pots and Motor, Apply Manager, China Mail, Hong Kong. (8874)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

ON and FROM 9th October 1950 the offices of Messrs. J. L. MORISON SON & JONES (India) LTD., will be at the New Building, Opposite Mahaluxmi Temple, Warden Road. Telephone numbers have been changed to 45268 and 45269. (2156)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

NOTICE

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited by the undersigned from the contractors borne on the approved list of Railways and other Government Departments for the following works on the Mukerian—Pathankot Railway (under construction):—

(a) Construction of left guide bund and armour for the bridge over river Beas; (Mukerian Bank).

(b). Construction of right guide bund and armour for the bridge over river Beas; (Mirthal Bank).

2. The prescribed tender forms with conditions of contract and detailed tender conditions can be obtained from the office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Eastern Punjab Railway, Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5/-/- for each work. The tenders will be received upto 14.00 hours on the 25th of October, 1950 and will be opened at 15.00 hours on the same date.

3. The work in each case is required to be completed by the 15th of June, 1951 and should commence immediately after acceptance of the tender.

4. The amount of earnest money to be deposited is Rs. 25,000/- for each work. Earnest money must be deposited in cash in the name of the Chief Cashier and Treasurer, Eastern Punjab Railway, at any station on the Eastern Punjab Railway. Bank cheques, guarantee bonds and treasury deposit receipts will not be acceptable.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, DELHI. (8872)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MAHAMOOD ABDULLA FAZIL ARAB, sole proprietor of the business carried on in the name and style of THE INTERNATIONAL EXPORT IMPORT CORPORATION in Rooms Nos. 18, 19 and 20 of Saheb Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, has contracted to sell and assign the said business as a going concern together with the stock-in-trade, furniture, fixtures, goodwill and tenancy right to clients of ours.

All persons having any right, interest or claim of whatsoever kind or nature in or against the said business are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Oriental Bank Building, 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay within 14 days of the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to such claim, and the same, if any, shall be treated as waived.

Dated the 11th October, 1950.

GOLWALLA & CO., Attorneys for the Purchasers (8868)

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY.

O. O. C. J.

I. C. No. 39 of 1950.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913

and

In the matter of the TRINITY METAL WORKS LTD. (In Liquidation).

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 23rd day of October, 1950, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Attorneys (if any) to the undersigned, the Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company, and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidator, or in person or by their attorneys to come in and prove their said debts or claims, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

The claims should be made on an affidavit affirmed before an Officer of the Court empowered to administer Oaths and affixed with proper Court Fee Stamp.

Dated this 21st day of September, 1950.

R. MATHALONE, Official Liquidator, The Trinity Metal Works Ltd., (In liquidation). High Court Annexe, Bombay. (8760)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Re:—PIECE OF GOWTHAN LAND with building, situate at Colwad, Bazar Road, Bandra, Greater Bombay, admeasuring about 200 sq. yds. bearing Municipal No. 573.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above property was mortgaged to Bai Paridokht Ardeshir Irani (since deceased) on or about the 18th March, 1932, by Khodaram Kaikhushru Irani (since deceased) and that our client Mr. Peshotan Ardeshir Irani alias Malekout is in possession of the said property as mortgagee in possession for self and for other heirs of the deceased Paridokht.

Any one dealing with the above property in any way will do so at his own risk.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1950.

VACHHA & CO., Attorneys for Peshotan Ardeshir Irani alias Malekout. (8871)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that LADY JERBAI BYRAMJI JEEJEEBHOY has agreed to sell the undermentioned property to my client.

All persons having or claiming any estate or interest by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease exchange, gift, devise, bequest, trust, share, inheritance, possession, charge, lien or otherwise howsoever, in or to the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at his Office at Round Building, 2nd Floor, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay No. 2, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which period the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claims and such claims (if any) will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Land, containing an area of 867 square yards or thereabout, situate on and being Plot No. 391 A of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-registration District of Bombay bounded, on the North East by Sixty feet Bhau Daji Road, on the South East by Plot No. 391 of the said Estate on the South West by Plot No. 391 B of the said Estate and on the North West partly by Municipal Land and as a garden and partly by Plot No. 392 of the said Estate which piece of Land forms portion of New Survey No. 925 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 351 A/10, Matunga Division with the building thereon, consisting of a ground floor and two upper floors with a staircase room.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1950.

ANANDILAL RATADIYA Purchaser's Advocate (8874)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS at Parcel Office, Platform No. 14, V.T. Articles said to be of gold and silver, clothes, dhurries, pillows, vessels, shoes, trunks, bidies, cigars, woollen and silk cloth, motor and cycle parts, Elec. goods, machinery, crockery etc. on 27th and 28th inst., at 11 a.m. each day under instructions from G.I.P. Rly., and in accordance with Section 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

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Inquiry Into Delhi Fire

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Delhi Administration has ordered an official inquiry into the disastrous fire which broke out yesterday in Sardar Bazar, a thickly populated locality in the city. The fire was estimated to have destroyed property worth rupees one crore.

Enquiries made at 1.p.m both at the police and the fire brigade headquarters showed that no loss of life due to the fire had so far been reported to them.

Although the fire has been brought completely under control, certain parts of the affected buildings are still smouldering. It is likely to take another 24 hours before the smouldering pieces of wood merchandise are extinguished.

Driven out from their houses last night by the surging flames, the women and children of about 100 families had to pass a most anxious night on the pavements.

THEY CONFESS IGNORANCE

Trade With Pakistan Continues

LAHORE, Oct. 10. (PTI): Despite the expiry of the Indo-Pakistan preliminary trade pact on September 20 last, exchange of fresh fruits between India and Pakistan via Wagha border is reported to be continuing on an "unprecedented" scale. The trade is stated to be carried on through barter.

A correspondent who visited Wagha border, saw truck loads of plantains, betel leaves and pomegranates crossing Wagha border.

A large number of traders from India and Pakistan were seen in what is called "no man's land making their sales and purchases in a calm businesslike atmosphere as if completely unaware of the trade dead lock or exchange difficulties between their respective countries.

The correspondent says that subordinate customs officials working at Wagha customs barrier confessed ignorance about cancellation of Trade Pact which according to them, was still operative in the absence of an official notification.

Goods traffic via Kasur border at Takkia Garevind and Khem Karan having been suspended due to breaches on railway and roads, the entire trade between the Indian and Pakistan Punjabs is now concentrated at Wagha.

ERECTION OF CEMENT PLANT IN ORISSA

Mahatab's Call To Increase Production

RAJGANGPUR (Orissa), Oct. 10 (PTI): India's Minister for Industry and Supply, Mr. Harekrushna Mahatab, today inaugurated the erection of the two and half crores rupees cement plant at Rajgangpur. The factory which is expected to produce one and half lakh tons cement annually will supply cement at the rate of one lakh tons for the construction of Hirakud Dam which is 90 miles from here instead of getting the supply as at present from a distance of 180 miles. The factory is expected to go into production by about the beginning of April 1951.

Mr. Mahatab after the inaugural ceremony said that the Government was ready to give an all-out support to all efforts by any individual or concern to increase production. He said that it was wrong to think that in this present concern Government had in any way favoured any particular concern or individual. By the construction of this factory, he said, the cost of construction of the Hirakud Dam would go down by Rs. 50 lakhs.

Appealing for an all-out effort for production Mr. Mahatab said the want of capital should not in any way become a pretext for not making an effort. He said that in foreign countries like West Germany, the conditions now after the war were same to those now prevailing in India. Yet West Germany produced as much as 14 million tons of steel. Similarly Russia 30 years ago was in the same condition as India was now. Yet they were now on an equal footing with America which had a standing of 300 years of constructive work.

Mr. Mahatab in conclusion appealed to all to increase production and promised the fullest support from Government.

FILED CONFUSED AND JUMBLED PETITION

Chief Justice Admonishes Counsel

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (UPI).—India's Chief Justice, Shri Harilal J. Kania, today admonished a counsel for filing a "confused and jumbled" petition under Article 32 of the Constitution for the enforcement of fundamental rights of Shakir Ali, a Bhopal Socialist.

The Chief Justice said it was highly unfair to the court to file utterly jumbled petitions and thus holding up the petitions of those "who have nowhere else to go and have a right to come here."

Counsel withdrew the petition and said he would file a fresh one.

INDO-GERMAN TRADE DISCUSSIONS

Agreed Minute For Approval

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (UPI).—An agreed minute of the trade discussions, which took place at New Delhi from October 2 to 9 between an official West German Delegation and the representatives of the Government of India, was initialled today which will be submitted for the approval of both the Governments.

CONFEDERATION TO END STRIFE

Mr. Asoka Mehta's Suggestion

LUCKNOW, Oct. 10 (UPI).—Mr. Asoka Mehta, General Secretary of the Socialist Party in a statement today commenting on the resignation of Mr. Mandal from the Pakistan Cabinet observed that the only solution possible was some form of confederation: "The emergence of an authority, however limited, that will be higher than the national Governments."

He said: "The resignation of Mr. Mandal from the Pakistan Cabinet and the scathing indictment he has made of the politics and policies in that country will and must receive the careful consideration of our people. There is the danger of an edge of bitterness being added to the Indo-Pakistan relations.

"The only solution possible is some form of confederation, an emergence of an authority, however limited, that will be higher than the national governments. Such a confederation would help to reduce defence expenditure, resolve the economic and trade conflicts and assure a modicum of security to the minorities. The confederation frame work would release forces of cohesion to counteract the dominant forces of conflict.

"But such a confederation is not possible if it is confined to India and Pakistan alone. This probably is the right psychological moment for India to make an appeal to Ceylon, Burma and Indonesia to band together to set up a confederation that would evolve a co-ordinated foreign, defence and economic policies. I hope the United Nations would facilitate such a confederation by assuring it, and it alone, significant economic aid and thereby help to build a bastion of peace and democracy in this part of Asia.

"The confederal approach will facilitate an early and easy solution of the Kashmir dispute because more than one solution will be opened out in that perspective."

New Inland Letter Card: Half An Anna Cheaper

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (UPI).—The inland letter card, which has been introduced from this month, can be used for all inland correspondence in place of embossed envelope and is half an anna cheaper, says a press note.

The aim of introducing this letter card, the press note adds, is to provide a cheaper medium of correspondence to people whose mails were not carried by air.

Beware Of Broken Bits Of Fluorescent Tubes

WARNING TO PUBLIC

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Members of the public are advised to handle with utmost care broken pieces of fluorescent tubes as they contain beryllium, though in very small proportion. There is also need for special precautions t be taken in the disposal of such broken and unserviceable tubes.

There is no danger from intact fluorescent tubes and hence no special precautions are needed for handling and fixing these tubes. A broken tube should, however, be treated like poison, since it contains mercury vapour and its inner portion is coated with poisonnous elements.

In case the lamp socket is loose or defective, the tube may fall to the floor. Where this happens, a puff of phosperous powder will scatter all over the place. Care should be taken not to breathe the dust or vapour. The first thing to do is, to go out of the room, until the dust has settled. It is dangerous to pick up pieces of glass with fingers. The broken pieces should be swept with a brush and pan. If possible, wet the floor before sweeping it and thereafter wash it with a rag and throw the rag away.

If anybody receives a cut from the flying glass-pieces, it is advisable to seek medical aid. If that is not available wash the cut with soap and water; get glass splinters removed and use a god antiseptic and sterile dressing.

Do not throw the broken tube in a dust-bin or waste container. It should be wrapped up in heavy paper and put aside for Municipal refuse collection. Make sure that children cannot get at the tube to use is as a play-thing. It is recommended that broken tubes should be either thrown into water in the deep sea or in a dump.

The Municipalities are being advised to collect all such broken and unserviceable tubes and destroy them in a suitable manner. The public are advised to hond over broken and unserviceable tubes to the Municipal Officers under special instructions of the local Municipality.

ASOKA MEHTA DENOUNCES GENERAL ELECTIONS POLICY

Need For Consulting Non-Congress Opinion Stressed

KANPUR, October 10, (P.T.I.): Mr. Asoka Mehta, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, told P. T. I. yesterday that unless the present policy of the Government in regard to general elections was revised, at least some of the opposition parties, not necessarily the Socialist Party, might have to boycott the elections as had happened in Turkey and Egypt.

Mr. Mehta said that questions connected with the general election in the country were not the exclusive concern of one party alone, but of all the political parties in India. He said the details of the general elections would be decided and given legislative sanction through the Representation of the People Act. Naturally all political parties in India were vitally concerned with the framing of this pivotal legislation for the working of democracy in India, especially when the opposition parties were unrepresented in the Parliament. Detailed consultation with them outside the Parliament became necessary, but it seemed that the Government had no desire of consulting non-Congress opinion in the framing of the Representation of the People Act.

If this attitude continued, Mr. Mehta added, it would only result in creating doubt about the fairness of the general elections and the democratic integrity of the party in power.

Nehru Assures Handcart Pullers

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (PTI): Handcart pullers here waited in deputation on the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru and had a ten-minute-interview with him last morning.

They submitted, it is understood, that they were all displaced persons from West Pakistan and were doing their best to make a living. But the Municipal Administration, they complained, was seriously "harassing" them by charging high rate of licence fees and fining heavy sums in very ordinary cases of infringement or rules.

The Prime Minister, it is learnt, assured them of every help from his Government in their rehabilitation.

Jayaprakash Favours Rs. 100 As Basic Salary

VIJAYAVADA, OCT. 10 (PTI): Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan the Socialist leader, said here that basic minimum wage in India should be Rs. 100 a month while the maximum should not go beyond 1000; in like manner minimum landholding should be fixed at 12-1/2 acres and the maximum 30 acres.

Mr. Narayan who is now touring the Andhra districts of the state was addressing a public meeting here on Monday night.

Characterising the economic structure of the country as "chaotic, disorganised ill-balance and uncertain", the Socialist leader complained that "despite the socalled zamindari abolition" the condition of the tiller of the soil had not changed.

NEW HUSBAND TRICK!

SINGAPORE, Oct. 10 (PTI): An Indian estate worker in the Southern Malayan state of Johore climbed a tree and threatened to hang himself unless his wife was taken away by her parents.

This statement was made by an estate official in a report of the Johore Deputy Commissioner of Labour.

The man married his cousin six months ago, but after a month's honeymoon, the girl was sent back to her parents and the husband declared that he waited nothing more to do with her.

When the parents recently brought the girl back, the reluctant husband retreated up a tree with a piece of rope to carry out his threat to hang himself.

The Deputy Commissioner of Labour held an enquiry into the affair, when the man repeated his threat. The Deputy Commissioner then advised the girl's parents to keep her away from her husband "to see whether the man will change his mind."

Kashmir's Plan To Remove Danger Of Floods

SRINAGAR, October 9 (PTI): Preliminary work has started on a five-year plan of constructing new flood spill channel, with a view to removing danger of floods to the city of Srinagar.

The channel, which is estimated to cost one crore rupees, will branch off from the helum near Sangam, 24 miles up Srinagar, and re-join the river near Shalteng, five miles below the city. The channel will be over 25 miles long and 250 feet wide, the width being 50 feet in the first year, to be increased by 50 feet each year.

Hoarded Cloth Recovered

PATNA, October 10 (PTI): Over one lakh pairs of dhotis and saries and over a million yards of cloth have so far been recovered by the magistracy and the police in their state-wide hunt for hoarded cloth, according to reports received here. Over hundred persons connected with the cloth trade have been arrested.

Legislation to remove the social disabilities of Harijans and limit the rate of interest charged by moneylenders is under the consideration of the Rajasthan Government.

Grants To State Universities

"NO FAVOURITISM"

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There has been some criticism in certain quarters against Government's decision regarding grants to the various Universities in the State. In this connection the Government wishes to point out that the grants have been fixed on the basis of the financial position of the Universities as disclosed by the budget estimates for 1950-51 framed by the Universities themselves. The grant to the Baroda University has necessarily to be higher as that University has taken over the control of the Baroda Arts and Science College including the Oriental Institute and the School of Social Work, the Commerce College, the Secondary Training College, the Kala Bhavan and the Engineering College and the College of Indian Music, which were being maintained by the Baroda State and which, had the University not come into existence, the Government of Bombay was bound to maintain.

The grant to the Bombay University is also slightly higher as this University has suffered financially to a considerable extent suddenly, because of the establishment of the regional universities and the Secondary School Certificate Examination Board.

The University has been having, since 1946, an annual deficit of Rs. 2.5 lakhs, its reserves having dwindled from Rs. 32.7 lakhs in 1939 to Rs. 8.9 lakhs in February 1950. A grant of Rs 4.5 lakhs has been sanctioned to the Poona University taking into account the estimated deficit of Rs. 4.74 lakhs during 1950-51 and having regard to the requirements of other Universities.

There has thus been no discrimination in favour of, or against, any particular University in the matter of fixation of grants.

Control On Groundnut Cake To Continue

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay will continue controlling 50 per cent of the production of groundnut cake of the oil-mills run on power machinery, in the State. The decision is taken in the interest of the Grow More Food Campaign. During the season commencing from November 1 next, the Government will take over half the production of cake from every such mill at the increased rate of Rs. 160 per ton, including the cost of good serviceable gunny bags.

Since November last, the millers are being paid at the rate of Rs. 120 per ton of groundnut cake and this rate will continue in force up to October 31. The increase in the rate from Rs. 120 to Rs. 160 per ton to take effect from November 1 is necessitated by the rise in the price of seed during recent months and the prospects of the kharif crops of groundnut.

The existing orders relating to the licensing of millers and dealers and regulating the trade in, and the movement of, groundnut cake will continue to remain in force.

Travellers And Transport Relief Body's Session

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The All-India Travellers' and Transport Relief Association has decided to hold their second session of the association's conference at Sholapur on November 5, to find out ways and means to redress the public grievances regarding travel and transport conditions on rail, road and sea. The Association requests the public to send their suggestions to the Secretary, Pravasi Mandal, 145 Railway Line, Sholapur, before October 20.

MEASURES TO PREVENT RIOTS IN FUTURE

W. Bengal Commission Report

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10 (PTI): The West Bengal Disturbances Inquiry Commission has, it is learnt, submitted to the State Government a unanimous report on the causes and extent of the disturbances in the State early this year. The Commission has also recommended certain measures to prevent recrudescence of similar trouble in future.

Appointed in terms of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement on May 13 last, the Commission, of which Mr. Justice P. B. Mukherji was the President, received about 2,500 representations from various organisations and individuals.

POSTAL WORKERS TO SEEK U. N. HELP

Amending Labour Bills

AMBALA, Oct. 10 (PTI): A reference to the United Nations Organisation through the Posts, Telegraph and Telephone International to achieve their objective will be made by the All-India Posts and Telegraph Worker's Union, if the amendments, proposed by the Union in the Labour Relations Bill and the Trade Union Bill, now on the anvil of the Parliament, are not accepted by the Government of India.

A decision to this effect was unanimously taken by the third All-India Conference of the Posts and Telegraph Worker's Union at its open session today. Mr. A. P. Thulasira presided.

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CORPORATION PROPOSES SEVEN NEW WARDS

Government Approval To Be Sought

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Bombay Municipal Corporation sanctioned, subject to the approval of the State Government, the division of the merged suburban area into 7 wards for electoral purposes.

The official resolution which was taken up as an 'urgent item" with priority also provided for the apportionment of 18 elective seats from these 7 new wards which will be numbered from 35 to 41. It requested the Municipal Commissioner to approach the State Government for sanctioning the scheme.

The existing wards of Bandra and Parle-Andheri will be divided into two wards each, instead of one as at present, while Kurla, Trombay and Ghatkopar will each be a separate ward. The allocation of seats will be as follows: Bandra 5; Parle-Andheri 5; Kurla 4; Ghatkopar 3 and Trombay 1. The total voting strength of these 7 wards will be 1,90,581

Mayor S. K. Patil assured the Socialist opposition members that these wards were not created with an eye on the coming General Elections. This was only a temporary and stop-gap measure and will not come in the way of a more permanent solution of the problem.

BOOK ON PROCEDURE

By another resolution the Corporation sanctioned a sum of Rs. 1,500 to be paid to Shri D. V. Nadkarni, a retired Assistant Municipal Commissioner, for the purchase of 300 copies of his book "The Manual on the Law and Procedure of Meetings."

Socialist criticism was that their expectations were belied in as much as the book did not deal thoroughly with the Municipal procedure and rulings of the presiding authority but dealt with topics of general interest such as company meetings.

Mr. Mohiuddin Harris speaking on the resolution said that this book had defeated the main purpose of the original resolution which gave to understand that the book will exclusively deal with municipal matters. Mr. Rohit Dave suggested to the House the use of a similar work published in the Penguin Series which was widely used in the House of Commons in England. He also made a plea for the compilation of an exhaustive volume dealing mainly with the rulings of the presiding authority and rules of procedure. Mr. Velinkar also opposed the resolution.

The Mayor by way of a suggestion to the House said that he attached great importance to the matter and had requested experienced retired officials of the Corporation to undertake to produce literature that will be useful to the House.

Opening tomorrow at 9-30 p.m. sharp!

SONG OF LOVE

SET TO

MUSIC of LIFE!

Sunny Art's Poem on celluoid!

BABUL

Direction:— SUNNY
Produced and Music by:— NAUSHAD

NARGIS, DILIP, MUNAWAR SULTANA.

Excelsior
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Adv. 9-30 to 1:
3 to 7.

Lamington
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. 12-30.
Adv. 10 to 11-30
4-30 to 6.

Chitra
(Adv. 4 to 6)
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-15.
Sat. Sun. 12-30

Kismet
Daily:
3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
Sat. Sun 12-30.
(Adv. as usual)

RANJIT'S

NILI

SURAIYA, DEV ANAND
Director R. PUNATAR

12 TH Combined WEEK

LIBERTY

Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
Booking: 10 to 8

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges, and notables. Annual Life reading monthly details Rs. 5 and 3 questions, Rs. 2 Horoscope or writing time required. Pandit Kaliyur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR THAPONIDHI, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Reception To Spanish Trade Delegation

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Members of the Spanish trade delegation to India were given a reception by the All-India Importers' Association in the city today.

Welcoming the delegation at a special meeting Mr. Kalianji C. Bhatia, President of the Association said that with the signing of the Indo-Spanish Agreement, trade between the two countries would move upwards in both directions—export and import.

He suggested that for the sake of greater facility, a Spanish line of shipping should ply between Barcelona and Bombay so that direct communication could be established between Spain and India.

He also suggested to the delegation that their country should open a branch of one of her Banks in Bombay to make the business relations more cordial.

Senor Francisco Bessa, Senor Juan Torras and other members of the delegation were present on the occasion and had formal discussions with the representatives of the Importers' Association.

GADGIL'S CALL: Mr. N. V. Gadgil Minister for Works, Mines and Power Government of India opening the Rajasthan Minerals exhibition on Jaipur said that India should as far as possible utilise the mineral wealth of the nation here itself and increase the export of finished goods. Fifty per cent of India's export was out of raw material, that, he added, was not creditable specially to a country rich in mineral material.

INDIA'S LARGEST TEXTILE GROUP
2,40,182 Spindles & 6,637 looms
AGENTS: MESSRS. AGARWAL & CO.
India House, Dougall Rd., Ballard Estate, Bombay 1
INDU-50-51 (2)

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11.
Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 30, 2006.
Muslim: Zilhej 28, 1369.
Parsi: Ardibehest 9, 1320.

Today's Engagements

ASSOCIATION OF INDIAN INDUSTRIES: Quarterly meeting, 6 p.m., Industrial Assurance Building.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOL COMMITTEE: Meeting at Corporation Hall, 3-30 p.m.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Educational and Informative films will be shown at Town Hall, 6-30 p.m.

AUTOMOBILE EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION: Meeting of workers of National Garage, Ltd., Congress House, 6-15 p.m.

SOCIALIST PARTY (BOMBAY):— Public meeting at 6 p.m. at Parsee Maidan, opposite Bandra Talkies, Bandra.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11.
AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m., 2-50 p.m., 7-30. English 8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9. Gujarati 8-45 a.m., 7-45, 3-15. Hindi 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m., Oriya 7-15 a.m., 1-10 p.m., 7-15, 8-15 p.m. Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15. Telugu 7 a.m., 1-50 p.m. 7. Urdu 9 a.m., 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat. 7-40 Programme Summary. 7-45 Hindi By Radio. 8-15 Yeshwant B. Joshi, Khayal. 1-10 p.m. As in Bombay B. 1-40 The London Piano-Accordeon Band. 2 Variety Bandbox. 4-20 School Broadcast. 5-30 Vasundhara Shrikhande. Khayal. 5-45 S. V. Patwardhan, Dhani. 6-10 Ratnakant Ramnathkar, Gauri. 6-30 U. M. Maniar, L. G. songs. 6-45 Baban Manjrekar, Jaitkalyan. 7 U.M. Maniar, G. songs. 7-10 Local Announcements. 7-20 Compositions of Nana Lal. 7-30 U. M. Maniar, L. G. Songs. 7-45 For Industrial Workers. 8-30 Ajanta, Orissa and Panichitra Shaili. 8-45 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-15 Vasundhara Shrikhande, Khayal. 9-30 Songs from the Films. 9-45 The Weej in Retrospect. 10 Radio Favourites.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat. 7-40 As in Bombay A. 8 Ratnakant Ramnathkar, Bibhas. 8-45 Suniti Telang, L. M. songs. 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 1 Mishra Sangeet. 1-50 Bhavgeet. 4-20 As in Bombay A. 5-30 As in Bombay A. 5-45 G. S. Yellapurkar, L. K. songs. 6 Vasundhara Shrikhande, Marathi Pad. 6-20 For Villagers, Marathi. 6-50 For Villagers, Kannada. 8-15 Hindi By Radio. 8-30 Ghar. 9 Suniti Telang. L. M. Songs. 9-30 As in Bombay A. 9-45 Yeshwant B. Joshi, Khayal.

BARODA

8-15 a.m. Gujarati Bhajan. 8-30 Arvind L. Dighe. 6-20 p.m. Arvind L. Dighe, Sitar. 6-30 Programme for rural listeners. 7 Lessons in Hindi. 7-15 Allauddin Khan Amirkhan. 7-30 Programme in Gujarati for Women. 8 Film songs. 9-10 Local Announcements. 8-30 Geet Sudha. 9-15 Arvind L. Dighe. 9-30 As in Ahmedabad. 9-45 Kumudhben Thakore and Party.

AHMEDABAD

8-15 a.m. Girischandra Dave. 8-30 Harinam. 6-20 p.m. As in Baroda. 6-30 Champaklal Nayak, Vocal Music. 6-45 Geet Sudha. 7 Hindi by Radio. 7-15 As in Baroda. 7-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 8 Local Announcements. 8-5 S. J. Shahpurji, Ghazalo. 8-30 Champaklal Nayak. 9-15 Ghazalo. 9-30 Junu Pustak. 9-45 As in Baroda.

SOCIETY OF INDIAN MAGICIANS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At the annual general meeting of the Society of Indian Magicians held on Sunday at its headquarters, Kalam Kutir, Frere Road, Bombay, the following office-bearers were elected for the ensuing year: Eddie Joseph and Dr. R. N. Cooper, Vice-Presidents: Messrs. M. N. Khadivala and H. S. Kably, Joint Secretaries; Mr. Homi S. Mehta, Treasurer; Messrs. M. T. Chobe and D. A. Tayade, Joint Librarians. The following were elected as members of the Managing Committee: Messrs. A. M. Medivala, Y. K. Padhye, N. M. Basla, D. A. Tayade and R. H. Bharucha.

Late Dr. M. B. Velkar

The late Dr. M. B. Velkar, who passed away in Bombay on Saturday took a prominent part in the social and political life of the city. He had the distinction of being a member of the first Satyagraha Committee formed by Gandhiji.

He was a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation from 1919 to 1937 and of the Bombay Legislative Council from 1923 to 1925.

He was a member of the Indian Home Rule League deputation to England, led by Lokmanya Tilak in connection with the Montford reforms, 1919. He was also a member of the Indian Labour League deputation.

He was the General Secretary of the Indian National Congress Special Session (1918), a member of the A.I.C.C. for several years, and a Secretary of the B.P.C.C.

He was a member of the Chirner Firing Inquiry Committee set up in connection with the Congress Civil Disobedience Movement, 1930.

He was the President of the Swaraj Party (Bombay), the Bombay Presidency Hindu Mahasabha, the Indian Music Circle and the Bombay Medical Union.

Externment Order Set Aside

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha and Mr. Justice Chainani at the Bombay High Court today set aside the externment order passed by the Commissioner of Police against Mr. P. D'Mello, General Secretary of the Dock Workers' Union ordering the latter to remove himself from Bombay Province.

The order had been passed by the Commissioner under the Public Security Measures Act, and Their Lordships held that the Commissioner had no power to extern a person from the whole of the State under the Act.

Mr. D'Mello was first arrested in December 1948, some time after the termination of a strike of dock-workers. He was detained under the Public Security Measures Act till May 1949. On May 17, 1949, the Commissioner caused a notice of externment to be served on D'Mello.

The externment order was challenged by Mr. K. R. Prabhu Desai on behalf of the externee. His contention was that the order was bad in law as it contravened thee provisions relating to Fundamental Rights under the Constitution.

This Lordships held that the Police Commissioner had no power to extern a person from the whole of the State and set aside the externment order.

POWER ALCOHOL: The establishment of a power alcohol factory in Jaora, about 120 miles from Indore, will be shortly taken in hand the capacity of the factory would be five lakhs gallons per year. Molasses produced by the three nearby sugar factories will be used for the manufacture of power alcohol.

Rights Of Administrator

IMPORTANT DECISION BY SMALL CAUSES COURT

AN important decision affecting the rights of an Administrator was given recently in the Court of Small Cases Bombay. The Court decided that the Administrator had no right to alienate property which in fact never belonged to the estate of which he had obtained Letters of Administration.

One Curshedji J. Saklatwalla alias Banatwalla died in 1870 leaving Fazandori right in certain plots of land at Tardeo in which he bequeathed a life-interest to Rustomji the father of plaintiffs K.R. Banatwalla and J. R. Banatwalla and of Defendant No. 2, S.R. Banatwalla with the reversion in favour of the plaintiffs, Defendant No.2 and another brother since deceased. Rustomji, however, dealt with the property as if it was his absolute property, but the Bombay High Court gave a ruling that he merely had a life-interest. On Rustomji's death, Defendant No.2 obtained Latters of Administration to his father's estate in 1938.

NO EXCLUSIVE INTEREST

In 1939 the owners of one of the properties built over the said plots of land had declined to pay the ground rent claiming exclusive interest in himself. That contention was negatived in 1940 and it was held that the fact that Defendant No.2 had obtained Letters of Administration to the father's estate created no exclusive interest in himself, looking to the fact that the father had only a life interest and the reversion had vested in all his sons. It was further held that as the father had no interest left after his death, there was no estate left to which representation could be taken.

Defendant No.2 then purported to assign his right to rent, but again in 1940 his contention was negatived by the Court of Small Causes, in another suit, in which the Court, following 28, Bom 644 held that Testamentary Courts do not go into questions of title to property.

Defendant No.2 then purported to grant a release of the rent charge in favour of Defendant No. 1, the present owner of the structure, who therefore declined to pay the ground rent to the plaintiffs. The Plaintiffs therefore filed this suit against Defendant No.1 to recover the rents payable and joined Defendant No. 2 as proforma Defendant.

The trial Judge held Defendant No.2 had derived no right to the property by virtue of the Letters of Administration obtained by him and which he could validly dispose of. Therefore, all the brothers had the right to the ground rent and the release was of no avail to Defendant No. 1. Defendant No. 1 was ordered to pay the ground rent to the plaintiffs and Defendant No. 2 Defendant No. 1 as well as Defendant No. 2 were ordered to pay the plaintiffs' costs.

The trial Judge observed that this suit was only one link in a series of suits involving the plaintiffs and the Defendant No. 2 and it probably would not be the last.

Oath On Gita Ends Suit

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

Messrs. Juharmal Swaruprchand ..... Plaintiffs
Versus
W. L. Dahanukar ..... Defendant.

A suit filed by the plaintiffs, a firm of share brokers, for the recovery of Rs. 18,132 from the defendant in respect of alleged dealings effected by him through the plaintiffs in 100 Bombay Dyeing shares, was dismissed with costs on the defendant taking a Special Oath that he had not given any instructions to the plaintiffs for the alleged transactions.

After the hearing had proceeded for some time, counsel for the plaintiffs informed the Court that his clients would agree to the suit being dismissed with costs, if the defendant took a Special Oath on the Bhagvad Gita that he never instructed Govindram Rungta on behalf of the plaintiffs to effect any transactions on his behalf.

The defendant thereupon took the Special Oath as required, and on that His Lordship dismissed the suit with costs.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. K. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Haridas and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. S. T. Desai and Mr. R. L. Dalal instructed by Mesrs. Thakoredas and Co, appeared for the defendant.

AIWC ORGANISES MUSICAL CONCERT

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The All India Women's Conference, Bombay, has organised a benefit performance in aid of the Mayor's Assam Relief Fund in the city on October 12. Talented M. S. Subbalaxmi from Madras will give a grand musical concert at the Sunderbai Hall on that day at 6-15 p.m.

Shrimati Subbalaxmi's concert is one of the several benefit performances arranged by the All-India Women's Conference in the city in aid of the Assam Relief Fund.

A part of the proceeds have also been earmarked for the Village Mobile Health Vans (Skippo) of the All India Women's Conference.

Tickets for the performance will be available at Sunderbai Hall in the evenings from Tuesday, till the day of the performance.

The Pulse Of The City

DACOITY FOILED: A planned attempt to commit dacoity by an armed gang of seven men in the house of a gardener near Prakash Mills, De Lisle Road early on Tuesday morning was foiled by the residents by collaring two of them after a scuffle. The two men who were caught sustained injuries in the fight and they were removed to the hospital. The De Lisle police are making enquiries.

ACCIDENTS: During the 24 hours of Tuesday three train fatalities were reported by the B.B. and O. I police at Bombay Central. All these victims were foot-board travellers.

EXTERNEE ARRESTED: Shri Vasant Bhagavat, a prominent communist leader of Maharashtra who was externed was arrested on Monday on the charge of breach of externment order.

CONVICTED: Nanji Korsi, a partner in a cloth dealer's firm at Merwanji Building, De Lisle Road was found guilty of the charge of black marketing in cloth and was sentenced by Mr. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court to pay a fine of Rs. 4,000 in defaut six months' R.I.

STOLEN DRUGS: Ramlal and Narottamdas Dhanji who were described by the police as "notorious in the medicine market" were arrested by the Bombay police in connection with theft of medicine in a city godown. It is alleged that the accused who had some knowledge of medicine broke open a godown and removed valuable drugs. It is alleged culprits offered the drugs for sale to the company from which the medicines were stolen. The police on the information given by the stores arrested the two men. Both the accused were ordered to be released on bail of Rs. 10,000 each by the Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court.

ROBBERY: The Station Master of Sion railway station was assaulted by a gang of robbers in the early hours of Tuesday morning with a view to loot the cash box in the office. When the station master raised alarm, the assailants made good their escape.

BAG SNATCHERS: Two persons were caught red-handed on Monday while attempting to snatch a money bag containing Rs. 3,000 from a businessman while he was waiting at the counter of Bhajipala Sub-Post Office to send a money order.

COP STABBED: A police constable attached to the city police was stabbed by a pick-pocket at Bhendi Bazar on Monday morning. It is said while the constable was waiting for a tram at the Bhendi Bazar one Yakin Shah tried to remove Rs. 30 from the pocket of the constable. When he found this and tried to arrest him the culprit whipped out a knife and stabbed him. The culprit was however chased and was arrested.

Local Rain In The East & South

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 10 (PTI): The following is the daily all-India weather summary for Tuesday, October 10, 1950:

The low pressure area over south Deccan (Desh) has become unimportant after causing widespread thundershowers in and near south Deccan (Desh). Rainfall has been local in West Bengal, south Hyderabad, Malabar-South Kanara, Travancore-Cochin and Mysore. Scattered showers have also been reported from Assam, Orissa, the south Konkan, Tamilnad, Rayalaseema and coastal Andhradesa.

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in north-east India and the central parts of the country.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL WEDNESDAY: Thundershowers will occur locally in the southern half of the peninsula and at a few stations in north Konkan, north Deccan (Desh) north Hyderabad, Orissa, West Bengal and Assam.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT: An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin with epicentre about 1,380 miles away from Poona was recorded by the seismographs in the meteorological Office, Poona, yesterday night at 11-56 p.m.

Another earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin with epicentre about 123 miles away from Poona was also recorded this morning at 5-37 a.m.

The following is the daily weather chart:

Ahmedabad 94 70 0 0 minus 0.1, Ahmednagar 83 69 0.1 1.1 0, Allahabad 92 68 0 0 minus 1.2, Bangalore 78 65 0.1 3.3 plus 0.4, Baroda 95 65 0 0 minus 0.2, Belgaum 81 67 2.5 5.8 plus 3.8, BOMBAY (Colaba) 85 78 T 1.4 plus 0.2, Calcutta (Alipore) 90 76 0.1 3.7 plus 1.9, Delhi (Safdargang) 92 63 0 0 minus 0.2, Hyderabad Deccan (Begumpet) 85 67 0.2 2.0 plus 1.3, Lucknow 93 70 0 0 minus 0.8, Madras (Meenambakam) 91 76 0 1.3 minus 1.4, Mahabaleshwar 71 61 T 7.6 plus 4.2, Mysore 81 66 0 1.1 plus 1.5, Nagpur (Sonegaon) 92 64 0 0 minus 0.6, Patna 92 77 0 0 minus 1.0, Poona 83 69 T 2.5 plus 1.0, Shillong 75 59 T 1.0 minus 1.3, Sholapur 86 72 0.4 1.5 plus 0.2, Simpla 65 55 0 0 minus 0.8, Surat 99 76 0 0 minus 0.7.

Reorganisation Of Reds' Party

BOMBAY Tuesday

The Maharashtra Provincial Committee of the Communist Party of India has decided to call a general provincial conference in the third or fourth week of December, to discuss a draft resolution for consideration of the all India body, to reorganise Communist Party, requested all party members and sympathisers to attend the conference assured "full inner party democratic functioning and method".

The decision was taken at a meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Committee in the first week of September, the first meeting to be held in 20 months, which discussed "the serious left sectarian mistakes committed by the party leadership which has resulted in disorganising and disrupting trade union kisan, students and other mass organisations".

The meeting also discussed the problems of food shortage and famine conditions in the province, unemployment, "national liberation struggles" of the South Asian countries, the Korean war and the "peace campaign", but the press statement did not indicate the conclusions reached on these subjects.

ALL ALLEGATIONS WITHDRAWN

Suit Dismissed With Costs

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Shah)

Messrs. Narandas Manordas ..... Petitioners
Versus
B. D. Jog and another ..Respondents

On the parties taking a Consent Order whereby the petitioners withdrew all allegations made by them in their petition for writs of certiorari, prohibition and mandamus, the suit was dismissed with costs.

The petitioners submitted a statement marked "confidential and without prejudice" to the Income-tax Investigation Commission offering a certain settlement. On the basis of this statement, the Commission made a Report consequent on which proceedings for re-assessment were adopted against the petitioners under the Income-tax and Excess Profits Tax Act in respect of Rs. 27 lakhs together with a penalty. The petitioners had thereupon filed the present petition which was disposed of as stated above pending negotiations.

Mr. N. P. Nathwani and Mr. N. K. Gamadia instructed by Messrs. S. A. Noorani and Co., appeared for the petitioners.

Mr. G. N. Joshi instructed by the Solicitor to the Income-Tax Department, Mr. N. K. Petigara appeared for the respondents.

Reconstitution Of Districts

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

After carefully considering the objections and suggestions in respect of the changes proposed in the boundaries of the new districts on the recommendation of the Special Officer, Shri K. P. Mathrani, the Government of Bombay has made slight modifications in them. The territorial changes as now finalised have been published in Part IV-B of the Bombay Government Gazette, Extraordinary, of October 7, and they will take effect from October 15, 1950.

Appointment of CANVASSING AGENT for the Sale of Silk Fabrics in the Bombay Presidency

Applications are invited from persons having long experience in Silk business for the sale of Pure Silk fabrics such as Georgette, Chieffon, Crepe-de-chine, Brilliant Crepe, Satin, etc., etc., manufactured by our Mills on lucrative commission. The applicant should furnish the following particulars for consideration:

1. Business experience,
2. Terms of Business
3. Bank references
4. Any other information that may be necessary qualifying the application.

For more particulars please write to:

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South Indian Silks Limited,
Silk Mills, Gudiyatam. (S. INDIA).

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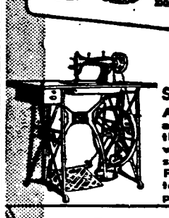
USHA



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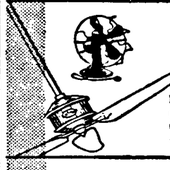

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For brighter light with low rate of oil consumption. Effortless lighting, faultless burner, spotless chimney.

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M/s. BOMBAY UNITED TRADING CO.
Sir Phirozshaw Mehta Rd., Bombay.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE TEXTILE STRIKE

The award of the Labour Appellate Tribunal is now before the parties. The only sensible course is for both to accept it and set about implementing it wholeheartedly. Mr. Asoka Mehta has come out with a statement calling on the Prime Minister to use his influence to bring the two parties together "to hammer out a settlement". The time for this "hammering out" is long past. It was open to the two parties to come to a settlement before the issue was taken to the industrial court. It was repeatedly stated that the Government would not resist if the employers and employees reached an agreement by direct negotiation, even while the Appellate Tribunal was considering the matter. But now that the award is out, it is unlikely that either side will be prepared to sacrifice what has been gained to placate the other side. As for any political intervention, we would remind Mr. Mehta that on the representation of the Hind Mazdur Sabha, the Government of India has accepted the finality of the decisions of the Appellate Tribunal. On September 7, 1950, Bombay newspapers carried the following news : "In a communication to the Hind Mazdur Sabha, the Labour Ministry has agreed to withdraw all the provisions of the Labour Relations Bill which empowered the Executive to sit in judgment over the awards of the Appellate Tribunal". Mr. Asoka Mehta cannot eat his cake and have it. He cannot insist on eliminating from Labour legislation all provisions for revising the Appellate Tribunal's decision and then seek to persuade the Prime Minister to intervene personally.

The two prominent issues on which the strike in the textile industry rests, are the securing of better conditions for workers and the recognition of the Hind Mazdur Sabha as the representative union of these workers. The first issue has been lost because the strikers have emerged from the struggle worse off than before through the fact that they were badly led. The most sensible course now would be for the men to resume working, writing off the near two months' adventure as a dead loss and making up their minds to be more careful in future. The matter of recognition is a thing which cannot be promoted by wrong strikes. It might be in the interests of the Hind Mazdur Sabha not to allow the strikers to see the folly of strikes but it cannot by any stretch of imagination be asserted that persisting in the strike would help the workers. Apart from the loss to the striking workers which is a personal matter, the industry itself has suffered by the enforced idleness and it will take a stupendous effort to make up for lost days. Only last weekend, Mr. Asoka Mehta speaking at Lucknow declared that industrial development could only come by a policy of austerity and hard work pursued for fifteen years. Why he should find it difficult to apply this wisdom and maturity to the problems of the textile workers, one fails to understand. Surely, he must see that his only course is to use his influence to call off the strike.

In the circumstances, the situation as it has emerged in the textile strike is very clear. The men who instigated the strike, are now face to face with their followers. Nobody else will pull their chestnuts out of the fire for them, because nobody else can. It will depend on their ability to bring to bear on the textile situation their political sagacity which does not seem quite absent on other occasions, whether they rescue themselves and the workers out of the barren futility of the strike or whether they persist in a line which promises more suffering. If the interest of the country which they profess to have so much at heart, or the state of industrial life, or the well-being of the workers, does not move the strike leaders to adopt an attitude of reasonableness, then at least their own self-interest should dictate a peaceful line of action.

Socialists And The Elections

Consistency is not the strong point of Socialists. This is only partly due to the fact that the party speaks through too many voices. Addressing textile strikers in the city, the other day Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia thundered that the present Government must go as the Congress represented only 18 per cent of the population and were not representatives of public opinion. We presume that Dr. Lohia wants to overthrow the present Government by the democratic method of elections. But now that the general elections are to be held early next year, the Socialists are talking of boycotting them. It is because they are dreading that the verdict will go against them? Speaking at Kanpur, General Secretary of the Socialist Party Mr. Asoka Mehta declared that, unless the present policy of the Government in regard to general elections was revised, at least some of the opposition parties, not necessarily the Socialist Party, might have to boycott the elections, as had happened in Turkey and Egypt. We do not know for what other opposition parties, Mr. Asoka Mehta holds a brief and whether he does it with their consent. It is true that the first general elections in the country are not the exclusive concern of one party and all political parties, in and out of the legislatures, should be consulted in framing the election procedure and rules. But it is unfair to charge the Government with not consulting non-Congress opinion in the framing of the Representation of the People's Act, when the Election Commissioner has been touring the whole country, collecting the opinion and reactions of the people and political parties on the Government's election plans. According to reports published in the press, the Socialist Leader Mr. Jayaprakasn Narayan also met the Election Commissioner and placed before him his party's views on the delimitation of constituencies and other allied problems of the elections. Certain assurances were given to him and Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan has not expressed any dissatisfaction over the interview.

In the light of this, if the Socialists decide to boycott the elections or instigate others to do it they would be failing in their democratic duty. Even if they have little chance of coming into power the Socialists should co-operate in holding the next general elections which will not only educate the masses in democratic ways but also lay the foundations of real democratic state in India. If there are any flaws in the Representation of the People's Act, in the preparation of voters' lists and the manner of holding elections, or discrimination against any political party or independent candidates, they should come forward to expose it. If their charges are true, enlightened democratic opinion in the country would be behind them in getting them corrected. But to indulge in wild, unsubstantiated charges and sulk by boycotting the elections would only serve to encourage malpractices, assuming for a moment that Socialists alone are for fair elections.

Vive l'Amour!

In the plenitude of His wisdom, God called Moses up the mountain and gave him the tables of the law. Seeking to promote harmonious relationships between man, his fellows and his Maker, the Decalogue has been at a slight discount these last few years, but the latest transgression we hear about hits an all time high.

Two volatile Frenchmen recently decided that the ninth commandment —the one about the neighbour and his wife—was all very well in a bygone era, but needed a little brushing up to bring it in line with modern trends of thought Jean Tison, one of this doughty duo, found that he had amorous inclinations towards the wife of his lifelong friend and collegue, Andre Vacher. Rather than sit and mope —as poets and such-like ceatures are apt to do—this forthright Frenchman promptly informed the party concerned about the infatuation.

That worthy evidently as unpredictable as the rest of his race, returned the compliment by averring that he too, (Vacher) was in love with his (Tison's) wife. Since both the frustrated Casanovas were of a matter-of-fact bent of mind, they realised that things could not stagnate in this manner and saw that the best way out was a prompt exchange of wives

For a while all went famously, with both parties well pleased with the barter. Unfortunately the equity of exchange was a little disturbed by the fact that one wife had gone over to the other's husband carting along two kids, while the ex-Madame Vacher now burdened M. Tison with three. However romantic a Frenchman may be, he never sheds the earthly practicality that nature has endowed him with, and Tison failed to see why he should be saddled with a triple load of offspring while his colleague got a relatively lighter sentence.

So Tweedledum paid a visit to Tweedledee and told him in no uncertain terms to go to heck with the whole idea, and take his wife and chattels with him. This quite naturally infuriated his friend, who being a disciple of direct action, pulled out a revolver and pumped a hail of lead into his pal.

Then, belatedly realising that he would now have to support Tison's brats as well as his own—to say nothing of the Mesdames—he grabbed his shaving tackle and slashed his wrists. Happily, it takes more than a few bullets or a razer to put an end to a hardy son of Gaul, and we have it on the best authority that both these amorous experimenters are in hospital recuperating. But woe betide them when they get out, for the wives are probably lying in wait.

The breaking of the Commandment will carry its penalties in a later life, but as far as these two luckless Frenchies are concerned, they are likely to learn that hell most certainy hath no fury like a woman whose men can't make up their minds.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

KARACHI, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Pakistan Government has not yet received any letter of resignation from Mr. Jogendranath Mandal, Minister for Law and Labour, an official spokesman said last night.

In the absence of any official communication official comment here was reserved. But the spokesman said: "It is incredible that, if Mr. Mandal really felt as he is alleged to have done, he should have remained in the Government so long. Certainly no man with any principles would have done so."

* * *

Apropos of the Textile Award, Mr. Asoka Mehta, who has strongly criticised it, appeals to Pandit Nehru to proceed to Bombay and use his influence in bringing the two parties together to hammer out a settlement

And meanwhile, repudiate and disown his own Labour Appellate Tribunal. Not so bad.

* * *

The car, says a press report, in which Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister and Transport Minister of Madras was travelling from Nellore to Madras, collided with a Government Transport bus....

A sort of domestic clash which should be nobody else's affair.

* * *

The Communist "Daily Worker" of London now denounces Pakistan as a "semi-fudal country where British military financial influence is still paramount."

Since when Comrade? We mean this change of line.

* * *

Karachi report: The Hungarian trade delegation signed a trade agreement with Pakistan here this evening. —PTI.

What, write a semi-feudal Anglo-American protege.? But sorry, there is a materialistic interpretation of ideology too.

* * *

London, we understand, expects new moves in the cold war in Europe. Attention, however, is turned at present to South East Asia and emphasis is now being laid on the importance of helping backward areas with a view to circumventing Communist machinations.

By bolstering, for instance, French Dutch and Portuguese influence?

* * *

The U.S. supported by six others proposes to strengthen the General Assembly "in the event the Security Council is unable to fulfil its primary responsibilities" so that the U N may be able "to suppress acts of aggression" and "discourage potential aggressors."

Also further consolidate the division of the world into two separate rival camps.

* * *

Speaking at Lincoln (England) Mr Eamon de Valera said the British appeared hypocritical to the Irish when they supported a United Korea. Good shot.

* * *

Addressing women teachers at a social training camp in Bihar, Acharya Kripalani urged that women should not compete with men in imitation of Western conceptions.

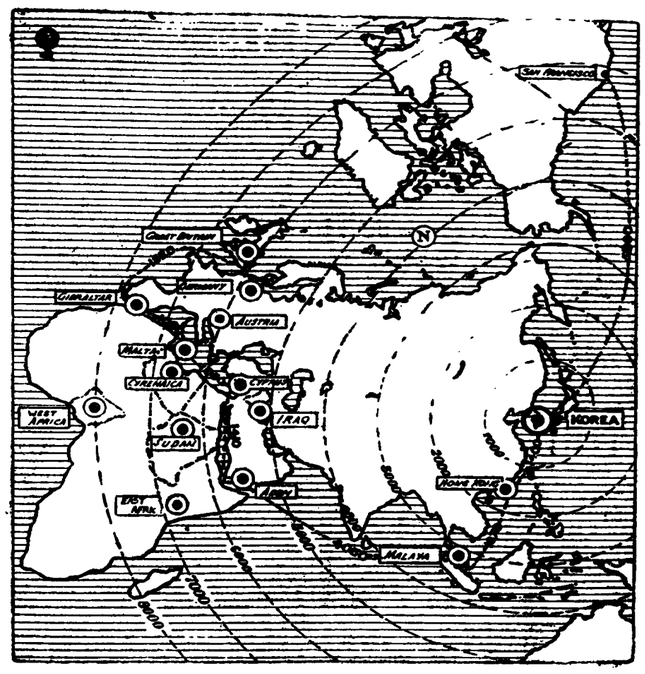
Tell it to Shrimati Sucheta.

* * *

Sponsoring in the U.N. Political Committee the 8-power resolution on Korea, Britain's Kenneth Young proposed a U.N. Commission of possibly five members and preferably not more than seven and suggested six names: Australia, Chile, the Netherlands, Pakistan the Philippines and Turkey.

But not India and or Indonesia.

Britain's Troops Spread Over World



Pictomap By 'Atlas'

BRITAIN'S TROOPS IN STRATEGIC POSITIONS

THERE have been criticisms in some American circles of the slowness with which British troops are being sent to the Korean fighting. Few people, even in Britain, however, realise fully the extent to which British soldiers, sailors and airmen are still policing the world. No country maintains garrisons in so many and so widely separated areas.

Numbers maintained mean very little. It has been announced that there are only 16,000 troops plus 2,000 Gurkhas and 70,000 police engaged in the fighting in Malaya. But this number has to be supplied with arms and equipment and replacements of man-power, and every item of a military nature has to be carried right across the world. There are troops in Egypt in the Canal Zone who maintain workshops and supply depots, all of which must be replenished and relieved. In East Africa there are great storage depots and the same in West Africa. There are detachments in Cyrenaica and in Tripolitania, in the Sudan, and at Aden. There is a force at Hongkong.

MILITARY POSTS

Britain has military posts in Jordan and in Iraq and Kuwait, in British Somaliland, Kenya and Tanganyika, however small. There are troops in Cyprus, Malta, Gibraltar and in the West Indies. Finally there are occupation forces in Germany and Austria and detachments connected with Western Union in France.

All of these commitments have thrown a strain on the armed forces of Britain which have been weakened by the decision to disarm once the last war ended.

STRATEGIC POSTS

In all of the areas in which British ships, troops or airmen are stationed there is a strategic reason for their presence. In Hongkong the threat of attack is still real enough to make it dangerous to reduce the strength of the forces there. In Malaya the men are engaged daily in a war with Communism which is every bit as real as, if on a smaller scale than that in Korea. To reduce the army in Malaya would be inviting disaster.

Similarly the Middle East is one of the main strategic areas of the world. It would not be possible to cut down the small forces maintained there any further without seriously reducing their capacity to be of any value if trouble broke out. No-one would consider it wise to reduce the numbers of troops in Germany, which is the obvious line of attack if full-scale war were to start.

Finally, Britain itself is a vulnerable target in any war involving Europe. A powerful home defence force is essential for security.

U. S. ADVANTAGE

The United States has few such difficulties. America itself is far from the centre of any possible aggression, and the overseas territories of the U.S.A. are so few and so small that they are almost unimportant. Apart from Germany and Japan, the U.S.A. has no real military commitment outside its shores except Korea. And it is easier, by reason of distance, for America to send troops quickly into Korea than it is for Britain to follow suit.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Problems Of Industry

Shri S. P. Jain presiding over the Seventeenth Annual Session of the All India Organisation of Industrial Employers observed that the immediate and fundamental problem in the country is to overcome the crisis of inadequate supplies and high prices and there is no means of overcoming it except through increased production at lower costs. Thus the problem is to increase both production and productivity. He advocates rationalisation for the purpose as that was the method resorted to by industrial nations for gaining efficiency, economy and stability. In rejecting rationalisation, Labour was ignoring its security and was turning back on all prospect of economic betterment. Mr. Jain is correct on theoretical basis but in practice employers in past years have generally done very little for the Labour. Labour was never given its due share of profits and was not given even a living wage. This situation resulted in numerous strikes and the Government was compelled to establish its Industrial Dispute Courts. There is also a move for a Fair Wages Bill. The question of Employees State Insurance is under consideration. All these factors go to prove that employers did not move with the changing trends and made strenuous efforts to keep up outmoded techniques. It is true that without capital we would not have built up our industries which provide employment to millions in this country. But the employers never thought of increasing production at a low cost. In industrially advanced countries, there is full scope for education and scientific training for employees. Lack of this fundamental factor is mostly responsible for low production per capita and higher cost. The Government has allowed enough protection by way of higher import duty on imports of manufactured goods from foreign countries; and there have even been subsidies given. But the employers themselves have done little towards reducing the cost of production. This can only be possible when our labour is provided full scope for education and scientific knowledge. Tariff walls should not be taken as a permament protection as they involve a higher cost to consumers. Thus it is time for employers to realise their duty to Labour and the country at large.

An Associate Leaguer

Opportunism often enough goes the whole hog. Mr. Jogendra Nath Mandal's achievements are an instance in point. He decided to cast his lot with the Muslim League. It was a well-calculated move and it should not be forgotten that Mr. Mandal did this some years before partition and the creation of Pakistan. In fact, he actually came into the limelight as a surprise member of the Muslim League group in the Congress-League coalition formed by the late Lord Wavell. Since then he became a super-League patriot. Indeed, he behaved more as a Muslim Leaguer, without being a member of it, than as a leader and servant of the Scheduled Castes. He revelled in his gilded slavery and successfully vied with his masters in vociferously shouting the virtues of the League and of Pakistan. He had buried his conscience and his sense of obligations deep and with a cynicism which according to his own present "confession", was utterly astounding.

In Reverse Gear

Realism or opportunism has now demanded a change. Mr. Mandal has executed it. And how! Now, he is going the whole hog in the opposite direction, in order to rehabilitate himself with India and Western Bengal. He suggests as a remedy for all the evils in which the man himself participated for no less than five years "either incorporation of East Bengal in India or a whole-sale evacuation of Hindus from that province and their re-settlement in West Bengal" Has he ever paused to consider the consequences of his fantastic proposals? One will produce complete social and economic chaos, which may lead to anything for the mass of the people. Of course, their misery is immaterial to Mr. J. N. Mandal as the misery of Hindus in West and East Pakistan had been immaterial to him for so many long years The other, the facile suggestion about "incorporating" (!) East Bengal in India will lead to war and to United Nations intervention, a la Korea. Is he so blind or so much of a lunatic that he does not know what is happening in Korea and what will happen if East Bengal is invaded on the recommendation of Mr. Mandal? He is neither. But Mr. Mandal, now that he has turned his coat, must, in the new uniform, play to the extremist gallery in India as he did in Pakistan with equal disregard of others save himself. Mr. Mandal, in the interest of India, must be put in his place as a cynical opportunist adventuring from country to country in pursuit of self-interest.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Congress Session And State Transport

It has recently been alleged, through the press, that at the time of the Nasik Congress the State Transport service proved totally inadequate and that the S. T. staff there were too busy with their own affairs to attend to the transportation needs of the people. A plain statement of facts should be enough to indicate the magnitude of the task which faced the S.T. at Nasik and how, far from shirking or neglecting its duty, the S.T. met the challenge to its capacity and eventually justified popular confidence in it.

The S.T. carried no less than 2,50,000 people during the Congress week, of whom 1,50,000 were carried on the peak traffic days, namely 19, 20 and 21 Sept. and all that without a single accident. To have maintained an uninterrupted flow of buses between Nasik Road (Railway Station) Gandhinagar and Nasik City for a full week, is no mean achievement. And that could scarcely have been possible without a high degree of efficiency which the critics, fortunately few, are reluctant to concede.

The S.T. staff had kept themselves in constant contact with the Traffic Committee of the Nasik Congress and there was not a single occasion when that committee's request for buses was not complied with. Nor has there been any complaint of inadequate service from any responsible source during the Congress Session. In addition to the normal complement of nearly 100 buses in the Nasik Division, about 100 extra buses were put in commission between the chief centres in Nasik, under the direct supervision of S.T.'s top traffic personnel and with a line staff specially recruited or abstracted. S. T.'s top traffic staff were at their posts from early morning till late in the night, with hardly any time for sleep or food and frequently acting as drivers, conductors, cashiers, etc., in order to meet the rush traffic. It was only on the last day that they were able to have even a look at their own S.T. exhibition, nearby, for which an entirely separate staff was deputed.

Three buses were placed at the disposal of the Congress Traffic Committee for the delegates' use, as required by the Committee. On one occasion twenty buses were asked for, and offered; but only half of them were ultimately required. That is but one instance to show that there was never any paucity of S.T. buses or of arrangements to run them. The only bar to putting more S.T. buses on service was the capacity of the roads. Traffic was often so heavy as to leave no room for a single extra vehicle. And a slightly faster service may have been possible but for the bottleneck of the bridge between Gandhinagar and Nasik City.

Only advance planning and strenuous effort on the part of the S.T. staff, assisted by the Home Guards, could succeed in getting the crowds to form orderly queues for the S.T. buses which provided cheap and ready conveyance to them and thus evoked their complete confidence. While sun and rain could not be helped, the queue was kept constantly on the move; and as our special observers posted alongside the queues reported, no one had to wait for his bus for more than 20 to 25 minutes. And when, for want of electric current, the night crowds at the Gandhinagar bus stand could not be provided lights, the S.T. put up its own special lighting plant in a day's time. That certainly does not bespeak neglect of the people's needs.

True to its sense of democratic responsibility, the S.T. of course insisted on strict observance of the queue principle, and was only therefore able to serve one and all without a hitch. It is possible that refusal to give special priority or free transit in response to pleas of individual urgency has been resented, and perhaps misconstrued as "rudeness". But, of the fact that vast sections of the people who gathered at the Nasik Congress have appreciated our contribution, the S.T. has enough evidence, oral and recorded, including many congratulatory letters and telegrams from far off places.

—JOSEPH JOHN,
Publicity Officer,
State Transport.

Cotton And Cloth Prices

The ceiling price of Indian cotton is fixed about forty per cent below world parity price. Price of a commodity needs control, when its internal price rises above world parity. In India 85 per cent of the population lives on agricultural profession. Forty per cent are the owners of the land and forty-five per cent are farm labourers who are paid in kind at the old rates prevailing in 1939 and not in coins. It is wrong to fix such low price which sucks the blood of the eighty-five per cent of the population. Peasantry and farm labourers and cotton Textile Industry is being ruined. If price of cotton and cloth is based on world parity, these 85 per cent of population shall pay in return higher price for cloth they consume. U.S.A. has allowed its former price of twenty cents for cotton to thirty cents and recently has allowed to forty cents. What is said above for cotton holds good for Jute also, India holds monopoly in Jute goods and why should foreign countries benefit by paying lower prices for such goods. The price of a commodity throughout the whole world finds its own level naturally by laws of supply and demand and inflation and deflation of currencies taking into whole world as one unit. Individual country can never succeed in depressing the prices to its own choice. It will still take eight years, for the whole world, to bring down the level of prices to that of 1939. The world as a whole shall have to produce more than its need and shall have to deflate currencies by paying off its debts, which debts inflated its currencies. An attempt to bring down prices artificially through ruling power is to play with fire India and Pakistan both have been misled by not cooperating jointly in fixing the exchange rates before devaluation. Does the Indian Constitution permit the Government to prohibit the peasantry to sell their goods in world market at best prices? Therefore it follows that if internal prices rise above world parity prices Government can then control the prices, otherwise not.

—M. D. LAVANGIA.

Why S.S.C. Examination?

I feel that those critics of the S.S.C. examination who are demanding that we should revert to the Matriculation examination and throw the S.S.C. examination overboard betray their ignorance of the basic objects underlying the introduction of the S.S.C. examination.

The Matric is the entrance examination for the University training. Although many students would like to acquire university education, they are not in a position to do so mainly owing to lack of economic resources. True, a certain number of boys and girls combine studies in morning session colleges with fulltime employment. But apart from the strain it involves, the percentage of such students is necessarily low when the entire population of students passing the S.S.C. examination is taken into consideration.

That it should be possible for a small number of students taking their S.S.C. examination to receive the benefit of higher education is readily admitted. Such students could certainly take the University subjects. But it involves waste of human energy when the students, who ought to equip themselve with a training that could enable them to earn their living or get themselves absorbed in a profession are required to pass through the grindmill of the University subjects.

The S.S.C. examination is thus bound to survive the temporary difficulties that are, in any case, inevitable when the experience of the new experimental measure has to be obtained and assessed; and the cry that the S.S.C. examination should be discarded is certainly both premature and ill-advised.

—R. V. PURANIK.

Liquidating Opposition

Sardar Patel's suggestion to liquidate opposition in the country for five years deserves to be well valued, but the right move in that direction must start from the Congress, which practically commands the major politics of the country, and yet day in and day out we hear Congressmen degenerating and degrading themselves to worst level.

For that, the Congress should invite all peoples of different shades of opinion and parties, who have secular democracy as a common ideal, and secure their full co-operation in making common efforts to strengthen country's infant democracy and adopt such measures as to take out the country from the present difficult position. No body can deny that the country is passing through very many hurdles and problems which are worse than war, and efforts to combat them on more than war basis are needed. Commonly acceptable minimum programme of making country within coming five years self-sufficient in food, cotton jute and other commodities essential by increasing agricultural production and also by adopting measures so as to increase industrial wealth for the common benefit of the country or the countrymen may only to be taken up to be enforced and all concentration should be made by all forces of construction of the country, so that the end be achieved earlier than planned.

If Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru jointly evolve out a workable plan on the above basis and arrangements are worked out by the countrymen as a whole, I am one of those who are quite confident of achievement of very best results. very best results.

—N. G. PARIKH.

Godhra.

Whistling Schoolboy

Apropos of the interesting article on the Malabar Thrush, may I write of some fascinating experiences which I have had? Near the Jogeshwari caves there is a vast semi-wasteland where I used to go for relaxation from the noises of the city. One June afternoon, while I was just about to doze off, music from atop a tree assailed my stunned ears. It was an exact reproduction of the opening bars of Smetana's "Ma Vlast" (which as anyone who has heard it will tell is a haunting melody). I couldn't believe it, I just sat there and stared up at the tree. It was later, on reference to an ornithological friend, that I was able to identify my music-maker as the whistling Malabar Thrush. I also recall hearing, from another thrush, a passable rendition of a passage from a Brandenberg Concerto—the almost incredibly beautiful flute effects. Solveg's Song (Grieg's Peer Gynt Suite) was once heard not far from Kalyan Camp. Again, once in Lonavla (gem of holiday stations), I was lucky enough to hear what I thought was a Dvorak Overture and later bits of Svendson's Norwegian Rhapsody. In each case, my entertainer was a Malabar Thrush, he with the yellow dot on his bosom.

—SIRIUS

Thought For The Day

The sacrifice that is regretted is no longer an acceptable sacrifice: the gift that is grudged loses its moral worth.

——Rev. H. Elvet Lewis, D. D.

INDIA REITERATES 'NEUTRAL' POLICY

Appeal To Join Anglo-U.S. Bloc Turned Down

LUCKNOW, Oct. 10, (PTI).

APPEALS by the western nations to the Asian countries to join the Anglo-American bloc and India's reiteration of her neutral policy were the highlights of today's discussions at the Group meetings of the Pacific Relations Conference.

A reference was made to the Kashmir problem at the meeting when the Pakistan delegate asked: "Why the U. S. A. has acted so quickly in Korea and not in Kashmir?"

A U. S. delegate, defending his country's policy, said that there was a general feeling that the dispute in Kashmir would be settled without recourse to the articles of U. N. Charter. It seemed that they had "misjudged" it. The Security Council was, nevertheless, seized of the Kashmir issue, and he hoped that the United Nations would find a way out to settle the dispute amicably within the shortest time.

A strong condemnation of the racial discrimination in South Africa was made by some delegates at the group meeting which discussed the attitudes of Asian nations towards their continued political connections with the West.

Asian delegates' pointed out that it was "shocking to Asians to see that the Asian people having lived there for generaticnh should be subjected to such "gross injustices".

There was no defence of the South African policy and the Round Table gave a tacit approval of sentiments expressed by the Asian delegates.

ATOM BOMB

During the discussion on the strategic interest of the U. S. A. in the Far East and defence arrangements, a Pakistan delegate said that there was a great resentment in Asia that this continent had been chosen as a "testing ground" for atom bomb.

"It seems the Americans have no value for Asian lives", he added.

The delegate charged the U. S. A. with trying to convert Asia into a "battle field" against Russia. The War-torn European countries had refused to fight this battle, and it was being thrust on Asia he said.

A Canadian delegate said that the atom bomb was available only at the end of the war in Europe and therefore, it was not used in Europe.

A U. S. delegate said that even in the U. S. A. there was a strong public feeling against the use of atom bomb. He added that all attempts by the U. S. A. to form an international body to control the atom bomb in the interest of world peace had been frustrated by U. S. S. R.

U. S. OUTPOSTS

The Pakistan delegate said that there was a great fear in Asia at the growing circle of American outposts in the Pacific.

"Is American security identical with American imperialism?" he asked.

A Canadian delegate, rebutting this charge, said that the single purpose of the establishment of those outposts was to "maintain peace and repel aggression".

An American delegate said that it was in the best interest of Asia that she should have outposts to guard her against any "repetition of Korea".

The American delegate said that the U. S. A. was disarmed in 1945 but the succession of events in Eastern Europe had alarmed and disturbed America, and arming against aggression had begun actually in 1950 after the Korean war.

During the discussion on the attitude towards western powers an Indian delegate said that Asian democracy was not in full form and time should be given to the Asian countries to strengthen themselves and take their own decision about joining any power bloc.

A Canadian delegate said that the policy of neutrality in the face of aggression was suicidal and the fate of Korea might await the South-East Asian countries unless "they take their decisions quickly".

A British delegate said that the Asian countries should look forward and not backward. They should have faith in the West and abandon neutrality.

The Indian delegate said India had refused to align herself with any power bloc because "we want peace at any price for a generation".

A Philippine delegate said: "We do not want peace if we have to go to pieces in the process".

Stop Press

LOOK TO INTERESTS OF LABOUR

Bengal Chief Minister's Plea To Employers

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10 (PTI): The West Bengal Chief Minister, Dr. B. C. Roy, called upon the industrialists of the country today to approach the problem of labour directly and not to depend on any outside agency for its solution. They should know the psychology of the working class, he added.

Dr. Roy, who was inaugurating the seventeenth annual meeting of the All-India Organisation of Industrial Employers here this evening said that under the present set-up in the country, the employers should consider the labour problem from the human point of view. There should be an adjustment of relationship between the two. Otherwise, production would suffer. If the management did not look to the interests of labour, they would be failing in their duty. The interests of the vast number of consumers should also be deeply considered when adjusting the relationship between them.

India's Industry and Supply Minister, Mr. Hare Krushna Mahatab, in a message to the conference said that in addition to the post-war problems, India had post-independence problems such as the total destruction of the economic equilibrium on account of partition and the general expectation of the people to live and enjoy better life than before. But they had to face them boldly.

MORE PRODUCTION

Presiding over the conference, Mr. S. P. Jain, President of the Organisation, said that the immediate and fundamental problem in the country was that of overcoming the crisis in adequate supplies and high prices. They had got only to increase production, but to achieve that at reduced costs. The objective to be vigorously pursued should be the increase of production and productivity.

Mr. Jain said that the country had to make efficiency and economy its watch words and advocated rationalisation for the purpose as that was the method resorted to by industrial nations throughout the world for gaining efficiency, economy and stability.

Emphasising the necessity for retaining the provision in the Labour Relations Bill that retrenchment of surplus labour should not form an industrial dispute referable to a tribunal, Mr. Jain said that the employer should definitely have the right to see that the industry was not crushed by the weight of surplus labour.

Mr. Jain was re-elected President of the Organisation for the coming year.

World Air Transport Association

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Chairman of Air-India International, will lead the airline's delegation to the sixth annual general meeting of the International Air Transport Association to be held at San Francisco from October 16 to 20.

This will be first general meeting to be held in the United States.

JAGIRDARS' FUTURE

V. P. Menon's Discussions In Madhyabharat

JAIPUR, Oct. 10 (PTI): Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary of the States Ministry, met the jagirdars of Madhyabharat and Rajastan today when they put forward tentative proposals for his consideration on the future of the jagirdari system in the two States Unions.

As the problem of abolition of the jagirdari system involves important principles of administration and also constitutional and financial questions, the various proposals discussed today, it is stated, requires detailed consideration.

Further discussions have been postponed till the first week of December when definite proposals for the solution of the jagirdari problem are expected to be put forward for the consideration of jagirdars.

Retired Official Murdered

BANARAS, Oct. 10 (PTI): Mr. Ram Kishore Singh, retired Additional Commissioner of Agra, was fatally assaulted on Sunday afternoon in Sakadiha, his home village about 26 miles from here, according to a report received here by his servant.

After an exchange of hot words over the irrigation of a paddy field, the assailant is reported to have showered lathi blows on Mr. Singh who fell unconscious with a fractured skull. He died on Monday morning. Mr. Singh who was aged about 55 retired from the U P civil service this year. The police have arrested the alleged assailant.

Silk And Wool From Plastics

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10, (PTI): A new type of plastics fibre resembling silk but superior in strength is now in research stage, Mr. D. G. Keith, representative of a British chemical combine said here today. The fibre which will not bear the mark of time will revolutionise the textile industry, he predicted.

Other types of plastics now under research are wool from protein of peanuts and non-rusting pipes for tea garden use. This plastics wool will not shrink and will be warmer than natural wool.

Mr. Keith, who was addressing Calcutta Rotarians however, admitted that as the plastics industry advanced Indian lac would have to give way. He also described the various uses the twenty types of plastics were now put to adding that plastics were no longer used for fancy goods only, but were put to "bread and butter application."

Indo-British Trade

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Imports into India from the United Kingdom for the eight-month period January to August, 1950, registered a sharp decline over the comparative period of the previous year, it is learnt.

The total of all imports into India from the U.K. from January to August 1950, was of the order of £61,860,000. Imports for the comparative period of 1949 totalled £90,323,000. By commodities, imports during the eight-month period of the current year were: machinery, £25,382,000; vehicles (including ships and locomotives) £11,127,000; electrical goods and apparatus, £4,400,000; chemicals, drugs and dyes, £4,631,000.

Exports from India to the U.K. during the period January to August, 1950, were sustained at the same levels as for the comparative period of the previous year. The total of all exports during the first eight months of the current year was of the order of £60,895,000. By commodities, exports were: tea, £16,904,000; jute manufactures, £4,081,000; raw jute, £373,000; leather and manufactures, £7,948,000.

Cry For 'Islamic State' At Lahore Meeting

LAHORE, Oct. 10 (PTI): Punctuated with shouts of "Islam Zindabad", a well-attended public meeting on Sunday evening in a resolution declared that the people of Pakistan would not accept any constitution which did not carry the approval of experts of Islamic law and proclaim Pakistan as an "Islamic State".

The meeting was organised under the auspices of the Jamiat-e-Ulema-e-Islam and was presided over by its Punjab President, Mufti Muhamad Saeed.

The framers of the constitution were accused at the meeting of not knowing "the rudiments of Islam", and therefore being incapable of drafting an Islamic constitution.

Manipur's Drive Against Lawlessness

IMPHAL, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Manipur police in their drive against lawlessness have during the second fortnight of September alone recovered 228 revolvers, rifles, tommyguns and machine-guns with 6,117 rounds of ammunition from different parts of the State, it is learnt here.

Minority Ministers' Tour

KHULNA (East Bengal), Oct. 9 (PTI): Continuing their journey from Khulna, Mr. C. C. Biswas and Dr. A. M. Malik, Minority Ministers for India and Pakistan visited yesterday Senhati and Daulatpur, two of the most prosperous villages in the district on the bank of the River Bhairab in pre-partition days.

Valuable Cargo Lost

TELLICHERRY, Oct. 10. (PTI): A timber-laden countrycraft "Kotla" bound for Bombay turned turtle during heavy rains and strong gale on Sunday off Dharmadam coast, two miles away from here and was shattered to splinters, according to information received here today.

Three other country craft were forced to jettison about a lakh of cocoanuts from their cargoes.

The loss is estimated at over Rs. 60.000.

Guidance For Future Action

MADRAS, October 10 (PTI): Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Minister for Public Health, said in the Madras Council (Upper House) today that the State Government had taken note of the Madras High Court's judgement on admissions to professional colleges "for their guidance and future action".

S C F Leader Released

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 10 (UPI): Mr. B. S. More, President of the Scheduled Castes Federation, Aurangabad branch, who was detained recently because of his alleged objectionable activities, has been released, following representations to the Chief Minister.

Mandsaur Starch Factory

GWALIOR, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Mandsaur starch factory lying idle for the last four years will shortly start working as a result of the Madhya Bharat Government's efforts to secure adequate allotment of maize from the centre.

A small starch factory at dewas will also be benefited by this.

NO LOSS OF LIFE IN SHILLONG

Shock Felt Over Wide Area

SHILLONG, Oct. 10 (PTI): According to final reports reaching here, no loss of life and property was caused in Shillong or the adjoining areas of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills as a result of the severe earthquake which was felt shortly before midnight yesterday.

The intensity of the last night's shock was considered to be greater than that of the great earthquake of August 15.

Reports from remaining parts of Assam indicate that last night's shock was felt over a wide area, but official details are lacking.

Bombay Doctors Reach Flood-Hit Areas

DIBRUGARH, Oct. 10. (PTI): A party of four doctors and four students, which arrived here from Bombay with large supplies of medicine has proceeded to the flood-affected areas of the Burishuti and the Seemiyen, about 30 miles from here.

About three thousand people have been affected by floods in those areas.

The Dibrugarh Earthquake Relief Committee has sent a relief party eight miles beyond Dhemaji at the foothills of the Himalayas. Air dropping of food is also being continued there.

Displaced Industrialists

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10: The Rehabilitation Finance Administration recently re-opened application lists for displaced industrialists settling in the new townships being built for displaced persons. It has now been decided to receive applications, in exceptional cases, also from those displaced industrialists who are settling outside the new townships.

Sec. 144 In Banaskantha

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 10 (PTI).—The District Magistrate of Banaskantha has, under Section 144 Cr.P.C., prohibited assembly of more than five persons in Palanpur town as a precautionary measure. This order is a sequel to a stabbing incident which took place in the town. Five persons have been arrested.

Red Leader Arrested

SHILLONG, Oct. 10 (PTI).—Khagen Barua, alleged R.C.P.I. leader, Sibsagar, with two of his followers was arrested today in his jungle hideout, according to latest information here tonight.

No further details were available but it was gathered that the arrest was effected without any incident.

Talks On DP Property

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10 (PTI): The most important phase in talks on evacuee property in West Bengal and East Bengal, namely enactment of legislation for the maintenance and restoration of migrants' property, will begin in Calcutta on Thursday next when the Chief Secretaries of West Bengal, Assam and East Bengal meet for their periodical conference.

Mr. C.C. Biswas and Dr. A. M. Malik, Indian and Pakistani Ministers for Minorities, will also discuss the matter with the Chief Secretaries before giving their decision on certain points in dispute between the two Governments.

IRO Wants Reprieve

GENEVA, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): A reprieve for the International Refugees Organisation is urged by its administration in a report to the General Council here.

It asks the Council to reconsider the termination date of March 31, 1951 and to allow the IRO to continue until it has completed its task, exhausted its funds, or both. The report says 244,422 IRO refugees in all areas have still to be resettled

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (DECEMBER)
NEW YORK, Oct. 10

Previous closing	39.88
Today's opening	39.82
Difference	—06
Today's closing	39.70
Difference	—18

Further Decline In Amsterdam Stocks

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 9: Further declines in the dollar loans provided the most striking feature. Guilder investments were more friendly. In a mainly featureless session there was a slight recovery after initial declines. Industrials and shipping showed a liberal distribution of minor losses. Indonesians ruled steady.

American Cotton Crop

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.

The Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture issues the following estimates in its fourth crop report of the 1950 season: Production 9,869,000 bales, Condition 64 per cent, Yield per acre 257 pounds. The Bureau of the Census of the Dept. of Commerce issues its fifth ginning report 2,770,000 bales.

London Pepper Easy

LONDON, Oct. 9: The market was easier for black but white ruled steady. Black Lampong October shipment quiet at 11sh. 9d. and white Muntok at 18 sh. shipping weights with white Sarawak at 18-1/2 sh. delivered weight per pound cost insurance freight basis ports. Malabar afloat was indicated at 1,500sh. and October at 1,440 asked per hundred weight c.i.f. United Kingdom.

Japanese Peace Treaty

INFORMAL TALKS

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The United States has been conducting informal talks with several Pacific and Asian representatives here about a treaty with Japan, usually well informed sources said today.

The talks aimed at setting some peace machinery in motion.

Mr. John Foster Dulles, member of the American delegation to the United Nations, is also reported to have mentioned the subject to M. Jacob Malik, Soviet representative.

But, the sources added, that this preliminary contact between America and Russia was made on a "very casual and informal level." Nothing had since transpired to indicate the beginning of serious talks.

Meanwhile, Mr. Dulles and Secretary of State Dean Acheson have both held conversations with representatives from Australia, New Zealand, the Philippines and other countries to sound out their views.

Negotiations have proceeded to the point of a memorandum drawn up by American experts, after consultation with other parties involved. There is no indication whether this memorandum has been shown to the Russians.

PACHAYAPPAS TO ADMIT ALL CASTES

High Court Order

MADRAS, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Pachayappa's College and all educational institutions maintained out of the Pachyappas Charities, which restricted admissions to Hindus only till now, have to admit non-Hindus also hereafter according to an order issued by the High Courts today.

Mr. Justice P. Rajagopalan, passed orders, on an application made by the Advocate-General, amending the prior decrees so as to admit non-Hindus as well as Hindus to these institutions.

The application was made on the ground that restriction of admission to only Hindus would be in direct conflict with Article 29 (2) of the Constitution, which laid down that no citizen be denied admission into any educational institution, maintained by the state, or receiving state aid, on grounds of caste, creed, religion or language.

PROFIT IN T. A. TO MINISTERS

SIMLA, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Public Accounts Committee of the Punjab Legislative Assembly in its report on the appropriation accounts of the Punjab Government for the period August 15, 1947 to March 31, 1948 held that "there still is an element of profit in the travelling allowance allowed to Ministers as also to firstgrade officers of Government who travel by road and charge accordingly."

"In our view eight annas a mile for an honourable Minister and six annas a mile for officer of grade would be adequate compensation for travelling by road", the committee said.

Cut In Marshall Plan

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The United States Budget Bureau today ordered a cut of 50 million dollars in this year's Marshall Plan appropriation of 2,250-million dollars.

A similar cut was ordered in the American relief programmes in occupied territories.

BRITAIN'S DOMINANCE IN COMMONWEALTH LESSENS

More Equitable Sharing Of Responsibilities

WASHINGTON, October 10, (P.T.I.-Reuter).

AMERICAN overseas affairs experts consider that there has been a shift from "the traditional pattern" of Britain's dominance in the British Commonwealth to "a more equalitarian sharing of responsibilities."

In a report issued on Monday, they add that the "obvious limitations" of Commonwealth resources had "brought about dependence on the United States to a degree never before experienced"

The report, issued by a private group of American overseas affairs experts, the Foreign Policy Association, was written by Dr. Gwendolyn Carter, of Smith College, Massachusetts.

It said, "With all the ties that exist to hold Commonwealth countries together, no one can deny the seriousness of the tensions which divide some of these countries, notably the Asian dominions from South Africa, and India and Pakistan from each other.

"For these disputes, the remaining countrnes of the Commonwealth have no solution, steeped as they are in a long tradition of non-interference in each other's affairs.

"The Asian Dominions are determined to fight against racial discrimination wherever it may be found. South Africa offers, of course, a classic example. Yet it is the country which because of its peculiary tangled racial pattern will find it most difficult to overcome racial discrimination.

UNSOLVED QUESTION

"Whether, in the long run, the Commonwealth is flexible enough to contain countries so widely divergent in attitude so wholly convinced of the rightness of their own approach to the particular problem, is one of the unsolved questions of Commonwealth relations". The Commonwealth and the United States "form the bulwark of freedom throughout the world", the report said. But, it added, the future of Japan was "a potential cause of dissent between the United States and certain Commonwealth countries".

The Commonwealth had been strengthened and changed in character since the end of World War Two by the addition of India and Pakistan to the group, the report said. As a result of their membership, the "British Commonwealth" was no longer "British".

"The Asian Dominions afford the other Commonwealth members an insight into new issues and attitudes which are increasingly important for an informed view of world affairs.

"Strategically, the Asian Dominions occupy a key position in the Indian Ocean, traditionally a British security zone".

JUST LIKE IN THE PAST

"In general, relations between the United States and the individual countries of the Commonwtalth bear a marked resemblance to relations between Britain and the Dominions in an earlier period.

"There is the same sense of common interest but also touchiness about interference. There is the same recognition that the relationship provides significant dividends, but also the fear that it involves commitments in a worldwide strategy to which at least the younger members of the Comonwealth are not yet prepared to commit themselves.

U. S. AIRCRAFT VIOLATES SOVIET FRONTIER

U. S. S. R.'s Resolute Protest

LONDON, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter):—Soviet Russia in a note published today accused United States aircraft of violating Soviet territory a hundred kilometres from the Soviet-Korean border.

TEXT OF THE NOTE

Following is the text of the Soviet Note as reported by Tass: "The Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics deems it necessary to state the following to the Government of the United Staes of America, on October 8 at 16 hours 17 minutes local time two fighter planes of the United States Air Force of the 'shooting star' violated the state frontier of the USSR and flying at a low altitude to the Soviet aerodrome located on the sea coast in the area of Sukhya Nechka, hundred kilometers from the Soviet Korean frontier, fired on the aerodrome from machine guns. As a result of the firing damage was inflicted on aerodrome equipment.

PROVOCATION

"In connection with these provocative actions of the American Air Force, expressed in a gross violation of the USSR state frontier by American military aeroplanes and in firing on a Soviet aerodrome, the Soviet Government lodged a resolute protest with the Government of the United States. Soviet Government insists strict punishment of the persons responsible for the attack on the Soviet aerodrome and expects from the U.S.-Government assurance that it will take the necessary measures to prevent such provocative actions in the future.

"The Soviet Government considers it necessary to state that the responsibility for the consequences of such actions on the part of he US Air Force falls entirely on the Gvernment of the United States of America."

Tass then added "Mr. Barbour declared that on this question it was allegedly necessary to deal with the United Nations Organisation inasmuch as in the area of Korea the United Nations armed forces were acting. On this pretext Mr. Barbour refused to accept the note.

M. Gromyko pointed out the absolute groundlessness of Mr. Barbour's arguments in as much as the subject of the note of the Soviet Government was the firing on a Soviet aerodrome by aeroplanes of the U.S. Air Force and not by some other aeroplanes.

Naturally the responsibility for such provocative actions must be borne by the American military authorities which are under the control of the U.S. Government.

(In Washington just before midnight (local time) the State Department officials said the Soviet protest had not yet been received).

SECOND REFUSAL

This was the second case in a month of an American Representative in Moscow refusing to accept a Russian protest.

Early last month M. Andrei Vyshinsky Soviet Foreign Minister made five attempts to induce American Ambassador Alan Kirk to accept a note protesting against the shooting down of a Russian bomber off Korea.

Admiral Kirk maintained that any such representations should be made to the United Nations. An American State Department spokesman said later that Admiral Kirk had done "exactly the right thing".

SOVIET ARMY AUTUMN MANOEUVRES

Berlin-West Germany Link Temporarily Cut Off

BERLIN, Oct. 10. (PTI-Reuter): Russian Army tanks and infantry today cut the vital 100-mile Autobahn linking West Berlin with West Germany for four hours during autumn troop manoeuvres near the British Zone border.

Russian troops swarmed on to the broad thoroughfare which carries over half of West Berlin's essential foodstuffs. Black-uniformed peoples police halted trafic on either side of the mock attack

The Russian Army of occupation began autumn manoeuvres in Saxony and Bradenburg two days ago

Spender Urges Setting Up Of U.N. Peace Army

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Australia's External affairs Minister, Mr. Percy Spender, today suggested that the "Big Five" powers should renew their efforts to establish a United Nations peace army.

He was speaking in the United Nations Political Committee during the debate on the American plan for pooling armed forces to meet any aggression.

Basuto Nationals Want Self-Determination

MASERO (Basutoland), October 9 (PTI-Reuter): The Basuto National Council has unanimously passed a resolution calling for a clear pledge from the British Government that there will be no incorporation of this British High Commission territory by South Africa unless the African inhabitants agree.

Members of the South African Government have recently demanded that Basutoland and the other two High Commission territories, Bechuanaland and Swaziland, would be incorporated in the Union.

Abnormal Rise In Tin Prices

LONDON, Oct. 10. (PTI-Reuter): Tin reached an all time record price on 865 sterling per ton on the London Metal Exchange today.

This beat the previous record of 848 sterling established on August 16, when the British Ministry of Supply withdrew offers of its stock. Turnover today was fairly large at 160 tons but only ten tons of this were for immediate delivery. Earlier today tin had reached an all time record price in Singapore.

Allegations Against Bulgaria

ATHENS, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The Greek Army General Staff alleged last night that Bulgarian detachments on October 3 fired on Greek patrols in the frontier region on the river Evals in Thrace.

A communique quoted by the Athens news agency said a Bulgarian detachment entered Greek territory and exchanged shots with Greek troops before retiring. Later Bulgarian opened machine gun and rifle fire for 15 minutes it said.

The General Staff said the Bulgarian troops were guarding workmen picketing the course of the stream to alter the frontier line of demarcation, which it forms.

Minefield Near Wonsan

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The United States Navy announced today that a helicopter had discovered a field of 61 mines in the Sea of Japan off the east coast of Korea.

A spokesman told reporters the mines were spotted south of the port of Wonsan yesterday.

Wonsan just captured by South Korean forces is about 105 miles north of the 38th Parallel.

The minefield was the largest yet mentioned by the navy during the Korean War.

Fight Against Locusts

LONDON, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Specially equipped American trucks are going to the Middle East and Africa to help a British-le fight against locusts, the Economic Co-operation Administration mission to Britain announced yesterday.

They are being supplied under Marshall aid.

"Healthy" Wage Increase

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The United Steelworkers Union said yesterday that 35 companies had agreed to immediate negotiation on its demand for a "very healthy and substantial wage increase".

Indian Navy Win In Third Encounter

AMATEURS FIELD DEPLETED SIDE IN ROVERS SOCCER

BOMBAY. Tuesday.

It took Indian Navy three full encounters to dislodge Bombay Amateurs from the Rovers Cup Football Tournament, and they managed to score a three goals to one to win at the Cooperage this evening.

Indian Navy were far superior in every department of the game, but missed chances were galore The ball swung about goalmouth dangerously quite often, all to no advantage.

The Amateurs fielded a depleted side. They had to do without the services of their star sharp-shooter Sheshappa and also Aithappa in defence. Goalkeeper Sanjiva gave a good account of himself, but he was well and truly beaten.

The match was interesting from the commencement. In the sixth minute Laxman scored for Amateurs, but one minute later, the Navy equalized through Mukundan who converted a penalty, which was awarded against Sunder Shetty handling the ball in the box.

The two teams were on level terms at the breather and when things looked as though a draw was inevitable, Mukundan veered his way well in front of goal from a pass by Shanku and beat Sanjiva all ends up. One minute later Pereira the right winger sent in a stinger that had Sanjiva caught unawares, completing his side's tally of three goals.

The teams were:—

INDIAN NAVY:— Roy, D. Singh, Thapa, Raju, Raghwan, Lyngdoh, Pereira, Shanku, Mukundan, Nicholson, Jayaram.

BOMBAY AMATEURS:— Sanjiva, Sunder Shetty, Puthran, Nagappa, Uchil, Chikka, Laxman, U. K. Mandon, Krishna, Y. M. Mandon, Salvador.

Referee: J. P. D'Mello.

ASBESTOS HELD TO A DRAW

Das Cup Semi-final

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A last minute goal helped Asbestos Cement to hold Indian Naval Dockyard to a 1-1 draw in the semi-final of Das Cup Football Tournament at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana Ground, Parel, this evening. The teams will renew the struggle tomorrow.

It was a keenly contested encounter with either defence being on top. For the major part the exchanges were even with end to end play.

Dockyard were first to draw blood seven minutes after the start through Choudhri. Kennet LeFebour paving the way. They crossed over with this lead.

After the interval Asbestos Cement tried their best to equalise and towards the close of play custodian Puthran of Dockyard was twice seriously tested. Their efforts were materialised a minute before the final whistle when Kamble converted a penalty kick.

BHOWANIPUR GRANTED POSTPONEMENT

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There is still an air of uncertainty as to whether Bhowanipur will arrive in Bombay for the Rovers Cup Football Tournament though the W.I. F.A. have granted them a postponement.

The news from Calcutta that the Aryans are definitely making the trip along with 7 players from Rajasthan has filled the disappointed Cooperage fans with some joy and they are looking forward to their encounter with I.C.L.

Osmania Win South Zone Final Of Inter-University Soccer

TRIVANDRUM, Oct. 10.

Osmania University beat Poona by two goals to nil in the final of the Inter-University Soccer Tournament, South Zone, at the Stadium grounds here this evening.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-15 p.m. President's Estate XI (Delhi) vs Wimco (Madras). (Rover's Cup Replay).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

5-15 p.m. I.N. Dockyard vs Asbestos Cement (Das Cup)

TABLE TENNIS

Dadar Parsee Colony Gymkhana

6-45 p.m. Men's Singles Final, followed by Men's Doubles Final, followed by Exhibition matches by Khanchand, Dyer, Sampat and S. L. Shroff. (Open Tournament)

BADMINTON

P. V. M. Gymkhana

5-30 p.m. Willingdon Club vs Bombay Gymkhana.

I.C.L. TO BENEFIT NEXT SEASON

Former Star Players To Return From Calcutta

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There is a move afoot by Bombay's leading soccer side India Culture League to strengthen their ranks, and build up one of the strongest teams in the country.

It is reliably learnt that Bhimrao, Manuel and Vajravelu, all of former Trades fame, and now playing for the Calcutta side Rajasthan will be seen in action at the Cooperage next year in the colours of India Culture League.

There is some hope also that Sanjiva and Rathnam may also be available. The main reason for the first mentioned players being available is that they are not satisfied with conditions in Calcutta, though financially they are better off.

STRIKE IN JULLUNDUR FOOTBALL FACTORY

JULLUNDUR, Oct. 9.

More than six hundred workmen of the football-making section of a dozen sports factories of Jullundur are on strike for the past four to six days. They demand inter-alia, a minimum of rupees two and annas four per day as wages instead of rupees two as at present and one month's notice before dismissal, and regular holiday on Sundays.

Shri Balwant Rai Uppal, General Secretary, I.N.T.U.C. today interceded on behalf of the workers and had talks with factory workers representatives in order to end the strike. The talks were inconclusive.—P.T.I.

INDIAN FOOTBALL SHIELD TOURNEY

LUCKNOW, Oct. 10 (PTI).

Somroo Sports Club, Karachi (Pakistan) got another easy move in the Indian Football Challenge Shield Tournament today when they eliminated local Kashmiri Y.M.A. by three goals to nil.

The second match of the I.F.C. Tournament between Kanchrapara Football Team and local E.I. Railway ended in a goalless draw.

PATIALA HOCKEY TOURNEY

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (PTI): League champions, New Stars "A" scored a lucky win over junior champions, "occasional" in the second round of the Yadavindra-Patiala Hockey Tournament today. They won by two goals to nil.

40 To Contest Today's Cesarewitch

LONDON, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter):

A record field of 40 runners is expected to go to the post for tomorrow's Cesarewitch run over 2-1/4 miles at New Market.

Probable runners and jockeys are:

Strathspey (C. Smirke), Chancellor (T. Lowerey), China (W. H. Carr), Cider Apple (P. Tomlin), Light of Morocco (——), French Squadron (Gordon Richards), Harlech (E. C. Elliott), Le Hero (W. Rickaby), Merayah (S. Wragg), White Rose (W. Johnstone) High Forest (W. T. Evans)

Mosquito (T. Gosling), Father Thames (J. Sharpe) Speciality (Ken Gethin), Tory (R. Fawdon), Royal Oak (W. Nevett), Le Tellier (W. Snaith), Vidi Vici (S. Clayton), Light Cavalry (J. Sime), Above Board (E. Smith), Mon Prince (J. Wilson), On End (James Thompson), Forestry (J. Dyson), Garter Knight (J. Sirett), Phalorain (F. Durr), Capital Issue (T. Juster), Turkish Beau (H. Packham), Come To Good (Clifford Richards), Euraquilo (Doug. Smith), Extra Dry (L. Piggott), Danae (A. Tucker), Blue Saphire (R. Reader), Donnington (H. J. Greenaway), Water Biscuit (W. Rees), Atomic Power (R. Bradley), Caledon (J. Forte), Pomfret (D Ward) Forget (J. Mercer), Ubuty (N. Mcintosh), Master Dun (A. Harvey).

Fala, Quixote and Hasty Maiden may also run.

SIVARAMAN IN GREAT FORM

Beats Vietnamese Top-Stars

SAIGON, Oct 9 (PTI).

The Indian table tennis team visiting Saigon won both the silver trophy exhibition matches against South Vietnam by 3-2.

Sivaraman, former Indian national champion was in excellent form and beat Vietnamese champions, Maivanchat and Philippenho after close contests.

The Vietnamese were strong with their defence and showing excellent footwork did not yield easily to the attacking game of the Indians.

The visitors considered Maivanhao the best player of the home team. Though short of average build Maivanhao jumped into the fray whenever he got a high ball and maintained his neat chops with both forehand and backhand. With lightning speed he stepped near the table to take drop shots. He represented Vietnam at the world championships in Budapest this year where he extended Richard Bergmann, world champion.

The Indian captann Chandarana was not up to his usual form and lost to the Vietnam players in his two matches. His top-spin stroke often failed him.

Vittal gave an exhibition of good defence against A-Dy of Saigon returning from all awkward angles.

Following are the results:—

FIRST MATCH: U. M. Chandarana lost to Maivanhao 17-21 14-21 17-21; V. Sivaraman beat Maivanchat 22-20 21-14 21-18; Chandarana and R. Bhandari beat Maivanhao and Vudinghiac 21-19 16-21 21-18; M. V. S. Vittal lost to Vudinhal 21-15 20-22 15-21 16-21; Bhandari beat Vudinghiac 21-10 19-21 21-8 15-21 21-17.

SECOND MATCH: Sivaraman beat Philippenho 22-20 21-18 22-10; Bhandari lost to Maivanhao 12-21 17-21 10-21; Sivaraman and Chandarana beat Maivanhao and Vudinghiac 21-18 21-19 20-22 21-19: Vittal beat A-Dy 21-19 21-16 21-17; Chandarana lost to Maivanchat 21-9 16-21 21-19 11-21 16-21.

A visit by Vietnamese players to India is to be arranged.

INDU DESAI CLAIMS HER THIRD TITLE

Dadar Parsee Colony Gymkhana T.T.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The hard-hitting Miss Indu Desai, claimed her third singles table tennis title this evening, when she beat Miss Ruby Satarawala in the final of the Dadar Parsee Colony Gymkhana Open Table Tennis Touranment in four well fought out games.

Hitting with her sweeping forehand, Indu claimed the first two games, but in the third Ruby toook initiative and wrested the game from the winner, but the last game went to Indu for the loss of seventeen points.

Ruby however was compensated when in partnership with Khanchand she won the mixed doubles title later in the evening beating S. B. Jog and Miss Silloo Motiwala.

The following were the results:—

Men's Singles Semifinals

J. Ezekiel beat P. S. Sandawalia, 21/13, 21-7, 21-17; S. B. Jog beat M. M. Shinde, 19-21, 21-14, 21-15, 21-18.

Women's Singles Final

Miss Indu Desai beat Miss Ruby Satarawala, 21-16, 22-20, 11-21, 21-17.

Men's Dobules Semifinals

N. B. Mistry and S. S. Ajgaonkar beat P. Abraham and B. Abraham, 15-21, 21-19 21-7, 21-16; H. M. Khanchand and M. L. Lulla beat S. B. Jog and N. L. Bajaj, 21-15, 21-17, 21-13.

Mixed Doubles Final

H. M. Khanchand and Miss Ruby Satarawala beat S. B. Jog and Miss Silloo Motiwala, 21-11, 13-21, 21-19 21-16.

Davis Cup Challenge Round To Be Played In Sydney

SYDNEY, (PTI-Reuter):

The 1951 Davis Cup challenge round will be played on the White City Courts in Sydney, but the venue for the interzone final has not yet been fixed.

The Lawn Tennis Association of Australia made the decision following a strong bid for Adelaide's claims for the big games.

The Association also decided to invite leading American women players, Miss Doris Hart and Mrs. Helen Perez, to visit Australia from mid-November, 1950 to January 1951. If neither player can accept the invitation, Miss Patricia Todd will be asked to make the tour.

GORDON RICHARDS' MOUNT INSTALLED FAVOURITE

Callover On The Autumn Double

LONDON, October 9.

LORD Astor's French Squadron, who will be ridden by champion jockey Gordon Richards, was tonight made ten to one favourite for Wednesday's Cesarewitch handicap when the card was called over at the Victoria Club here.

His price was cut by four points from the last callover quotation. The favourite for the Cambridgeshire, Socrates, was reduced from eight to one to seven to one. This race is being run on October 25

Betting on both races was heavy and all the horses quoted came in for support.

Cesarewitch quotations were:— 10 to 1 French Squadron; 100 to 8 White Rose; 100 to 7 High Forest, Strathspey and Come to Good, 100 to 6 Speciality; 20 to 1 Above Board, Merayan and Cinna; 25 to 1 Extra Dry and Harlech; 28 to 1 Royal Oak; 33 to 1 Le Teller, Dante Two and Vidi Vici. 40 to 1 Father Thames, and Atomic Power; 50 to 1 Euraquilo; 66 to 1 Blue Sapphire.

Cambridgeshire quotations were: 7 to 1 Socrates; 100 to 9 Fastnet Rock; 100 to 7 Hyperbole; 100 to 6 Kelling; 20 to 1 Flush Royal; 22 to 1 Stormy Petrel and Zina; 25 to 1 Roc du Diable; 28 to 1 Backtor 33 to 1 Valdesco, Burnt Brown and Coastal Wave.

SAURASHTRA XI FARE DISASTROUSLY

Visitors Reply With 108 For 4 Against Home Team's 139 Runs

RAJKOT, Oct. 10 (PTI):

EVENTFUL cricket was witnessed here today, first day of the three-day match between the Commonwealth team and a Saurasthra XI. No less than fourteen wickets fell during the day on the coir matting wicket of the Rajkumar College Cricket Grounds.

Frankie Worrell, the visitors' vice-captain who skippered his side won the toss but decided to send in the home side first.

This is the first match of the Tourists on a matting wicket and as most of them were unaccustomed to this type of wicket Worrell's decision did not cause much surprise.

The Saurashtra eleven, which included two Indian test batsmen in Vinoo Mankad and Polly Umrigar, fared disastrously, losing six wickets for only 72 runs shortly before lunch. Spinner George Tribe, and Sonny Ramadhin took three wickets each. Among Tribe's victims were Umrigar and Mankad who were dismissed in quick succession.

The home side were all out for 139 shortly after lunch. The Thakore Saheb of Rajkot, captain of the home side, was the top scorer with 29 mainly through his aggressive policy. His score included six boundaries. Waghela who opened their innings collected a valuable 25.

But it was Vijaysing who impressed most with the bat. Nephew of the Indian cricket's immortal brothers Amarsingh and Ramji, this well-built youngster showed remarkable timing, got well on top of the ball and batted soundly for nearly an hour at a difficult time and was clearly unlucky to be run out for only twelve.

The Commonwealth team made a bad start losing their opening batsmen, left hander Laurie Fishlock and Harold Gimblett with only thirty-four on board in forty minutes of the remaining hour's play before tea.

The Test all rounder, Polly Umrigar, from the South End and Narottam from the College End were in charge of the pace attack.

Twenty-five minutes play produced 18 runs when Narottam clean bowled Gimblett. The Somerset and England big hitter played over an extra-fast, well pitched up delivery and was yorked. He had scored only ten runs. The West Indian Frankie Worrell, came in to join Fishlock and at 28 the left-arm inswinger Nyalchand took over from Umrigar at the South End. Nyalchand, with the fifth delivery of his second over, completely beat and bowled Fishlock with a delivery that kicked up from good length. Fishlock had made 14 in a total of 34. The left-hander, Jack Ikin, came in for the third wicket. Narottem got a very good delivery past Worrell but the ball just missed the off stump. When the teams adjourned for tea at 43, Worrell and Ikin were batting with thirteen and four respectively.

Play opened on a sensational note after the interval, Nyalchand claiming the wickets of Worrell and Ikin in two overs with the addition of only five runs to the total.

Nyalchand, who resumed the attack from the South End, had Worrell groping forward to the second delivery of his opening over that rose sharply, touched the shoulder of the bat and went straight to wicket-keeper Waghela.

In his next over Nyalchand completely baffled the left-hander, Ikin, the ball going through between his bat and pads to knock down the off stump. (48—4—5).

The Australians, Ken Grieves and left-hander George Tribe now came together.

Stumps were drawn for the day with the score 108 with Grieves and Tribe remaining not-out with sixteen and thirty-six respectively.

The former Sind pace bowler, Narottam and the leftarm fast medium Nyalchand lived upto their reputation as two of India's best matting wicket bowlers.

They made the ball kick up and go through fast to trouble all batsmen. Nyalchand claimed the wickets of Fishlock, Worrell and Ikin—the first and third being clean bowled—and at one stage eturned the impressive analysis of 5—0—13—3.

SCORE BOARD

Saurashtra XI First Innings:

Jaysukh Oza l.b.w. Ridgway	7
Waghela c. Grieves b. Tribe	25
K. S. Harpalsing c. Grieves b. Laker	3
P. R. Umrigar c. Grieves b. Tribe	10
Vinoo Mankad l.b.w. Tribe	8
Vijaysingh runout	12
Maganlal .c Grieves b. Ramadhin	3
Thakore Saheb of Rajkot b. Ramadhin	29
Acharya b. Worrell	7
Narottam b. Ramadhin	22
Nyalchand not out	0
Extras (byes 7/; leg-byes 6)	13
Total:	139

Fall of Wickets: 1/12; 2/27; 3/43; 4/56; 5/57; 6/72; 7/86; 8/115; 9/125; 10/139.

Bowling Analysis

F. Ridgway 6/1/17/1.
F. Worrell 6/2/13/1.
J. C. Laker 11/3/27/1.
G. Tribe 17/3/48/3.
K. T. Ramadhin 11.5/3/21/3.

COMMONWEALTH (First Innings)	
L. Fishlock b. Nyalchand	14
H. Gimblett b. Narottam	10
F. Worrell c. Waghela b. Nyalchand	15
J. Ikin b. Nyalchand	5
K. Grieves batting	16
G. Tribe batting	36
Extras (byes ten, legbyes two)	12
TOTAL (for four wickets)	108

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/18; 2/34/ 3/45; 4/48.

Bowling Analysis

P. R. Umrigar 6/1/16/0.
Narottam 10/2/32/1.
Nyalchand 13/1/37/3.
Mankad 3/1/11/0.

Hutton Advised Long Rest

PERTH, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter):

It is at present impossible to say how long Len Hutton's injured finger would keep him out of the game. Brigadier M. A. Green, manager of the M.C.C. team, said this today after the Yorkshire player had seen a radiologist.

The radiologist said he was satisfied there was no fracture and that later a doctor would prescribe the necessary treatment. Rest was essential for the present.

The Brigadier disclosed that the swelling was caused by a thickening of the fibres, and it would remain with Hutton all through his life. When asked whether the finger would respond to treatment, the M. C. C. manager replied that he never suggested that it would rot do so.

Hutton's right index finger was hit and badly bruised during the Manchester Test against the West Indies this summer, but he was able to play again later.

Brigadier Green added that no move had been made to ask the M.C.C. in London for another player. The touring party visited the Western Australian ground here this afternoon for a muscle loosener after having earlier been given a civic reception.

Deccan Gym. Beat C. C. I.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Deccan Gymkhana from Poona playing their concluding cricket match against Cricket Club of India at the Brabourne Stadium collected 214 runs for the loss of their five batsmen after dismissing the home team for a small total of 111 runs and won their last fixture by five wickets to-day.

Making the first use of the wicket C.C.I. could collect only 111 runs. M. L. Apte and Madhu M. Amersey contributed 28 runs each towards the homeside's total.

For the Visitors M. R. Rege—the Test player—captured 5 for 29, while their Skipper, Y. N. Gokhale accounted for 3 batsmen for 14 runs.

In reply to their Hosts' score, the Visitors hit up 214 runs for the loss of their five wickets at the close of play to-day. P. G. Joshi—the Test Wicket-Keeper—retired after scoring a valuable 54 runs which included four hits to the boundary; and Y. N. Gokhale—the Captain played a good innings for his unbeaten 54 in which he obtained 20 runs in five fours.

The following is the complete score.

C.C.I.:— V. K Jhaveri 11, U M. D Thackersey 0, M L Apte 28, K Bose (Captain) 6, J. A. Dadyseth 4, Taufique Hussein 4, Madhu. M. Amersey 28, S. V. Divecha 3, P. H Hagari 0, G. R. Sunderram not out 15, H Chandarana 9, Extras 3, TOTAL: 111.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— B. B. Nimbalkar 6-2-19-1; Y. N. Gokhale 9-4-14-3; S. D. Dhanwade 15-0-46-1; M. R. Rege 12-1-29-5.

DECCAN GYMKHANA:— M R. Rege 0, P. G. Joshi retired 54, S. G. Palsule 35, B. B. Nimbalkar 40, Y. N. Gokhale (Captain) not out 54, S. Bramabe 0, B. G. Gore not out 18, Rest did not bat, Extras 13, TOTAL: 214 for loss of 5 wickets.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— V. K. Jhaveri 13-1-41-1; G. R. Sunderram 11-2-19-1; Taufique Hussein 10-1-33-0 P. H. Hagari 8-1-31-0; S. V. Divecha 9-1-44-2; C. H Chandarana 9-2-33-0.

Bandra Gym's Easy Win Over C.C.I.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Bandra Gymkhana by their virtue of winning both their matches against Cricket Club of India in the Lady Colville Cup Inter Club Badminton Tournament organised by P.V. M. Gymkhana, moved into the second round to-day.

Mrs. Nobina Lewis (Bandra Gym.) had an easy victory over Miss Sindhu Phansalkar (CCI) at the final score 11-5, 11-6.

In the other encounter Mrs. Nobina Lewis and Mrs. Phyllis Athaide (Bandra Gym.) were fully extended by Misses Sindhu Phansalkar and Sushila Rege (CCI) to three games. The tie was won by the former pair at 15-5, 12-15, 15-4.

The following are the complete results of the matches played.

Mrs. Nobina Lewis (Bandra Gym) beat Miss Sindhu Phansalkar (CCI) 11-5, 11-6; Mrs. Nobina Lewis and Mrs Phyllis Athaide, (Bandra Gym.) beat Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and Miss Sushila Rege (CCI) 15-5, 12-15, 15-4.

Editor Rama Rao Is Honourably Acquitted

PATNA, Oct. 10. (PTI): Mr. K. Rama Rao, Editor of The Searchlight, and Mr. A. K. Tewari, Printer and Publisher of the paper, were "honourably acquitted" in the case of defamation brought against him by Khan Bahadur Abdul Knair Mallick, former General Manager of the B. B. Light Railway, by Mr. P. Sinha, First Class Munsiff Magistrate of Patna.

The Munsiff observed in his judgment: "A newspaper is a most important vocal organ of society. As such, some sort of independence has to be granted to it for its proper and healthy working. Otherwise it cannot prove itself to be much useful in serving the society.

In the suit filed against Mr. Rao by Mr. Mallick, it had been stated that The Searchlight in its issue dated August 9, 1949 published a communication from the Information Office of the Railway in which it was alleged that the complainant's services were dispensed with in the terms of the contract on the grounds of mismanagement and of auctioning a large number of articles causing the company heavy loss.

The Munsiff observed: "Admittedly, the accused persons had no ill will or any sort of malice against the complainant. Under such circumstances no malafide of the accused persons can be inffferred. The accused are within their journalistic right to publish a letter which came from the Information Officer of the Railway for publication.

BURNING TOPIC

"The statement of Mr. Rao signifies that the mismanagement of affairs of the said Railway company was the burning question of the day and the public must be very curious to know all about them. In order that the public may have the occasion to see both sides of the picture, it was incumbent upon the Editor to publish the rejoinder of the Information Officer in the absence of which there was only one aspect of the controversial matter before the public. In order that the public may not get a wrong impression by presentation of only one aspect of the matter before them, it was the bounden duty of the accused as a journalist to place the reverse side of the shield.

"The publication of the news by the Editor was a matter of public interest; as such the accused have committed no offence and they are protected by the provisions of Exception 9 appended to Section 499 I.P.C.

"It is too much to expect from an Editor to publish a particular news only after a full-fledged inquiry and thorough verification. If such a duty be cast upon an Editor it will be very difficult for him to publish any news whatsoever."

No Letter Yet From Mr. Mandal

KARACHI, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Pakistan Government has not yet received any letter of resignation from Mr. Jogendranath Mandal, Minister for Law and Labour, an official spokesman said last night.

It was reported from Calcutta that Mr. Mandal, the only non-Muslim member in the Pakistan Cabinet, had sent a letter of resignation to Pakistan Premier,

In the absence of any official communication official comment here was reserved. But the spokesman said: "It is incredible that, if Mr. Mandal really felt as he is alleged to have done, he should have remained in the Government so long. Certainly no man with any principles would have done so."

The spokesman added that the allegations contained in Mr. Mandal's statement were "utterly false"

NEW THREAT FROM U. S.

She May Not Import Any Of Our Mica

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10. (PTI): The Mica Advisory Committee at its seventh meeting at Jaipur today will consider among other things the threat to the Indian mica trade from the production of "integrated mica" by the United States. The meeting will be presided by Mr. N. V. Gadgil.

India has so far held a virtual monopoly in mica and her total production in the year 1947, the latest available figures, was 1,92,000 cwts. Rajasthan, Bihar and Madras are the three Indian States to produce mica mainly.

It was reported New York newspaper some time ago that a pilott plant for making "integrated mica" had nearly been completed after ten years of research. The new material, it was stated, promised to make America —the world's largest importer of Indian mica—self-sufficient to a large degree in some grades of mica. The same electrical characteristics as natural mica were claimed for the new material and it was stated that its resistance to heat was even better than that of natural mica.

MINISTERS' CASE IN HYDERABAD

Defence Arguments Conclude

HYDERABAD, Oct. 10 (PTI): Mr. B. J. M. Mackanna, today concluded his arguments on the application for a writ of prohibition against the Special Tribunal before the Division Bench of the Hyderabad High Court.

He contended that the order signed by Major-General J. N. Chaudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, for the creation of the jurisdiction of the Special Tribunal did not comply with the provisions of the Regulation.

Mr. Mackanna added: "Besides this the charge sheet to which reference has been made in the order of the Chief Minister against the accused in the 'Ministers case' was not in existence on the day the directive was issued to the Special Tribunal to try them for offences of murder, dacoity and arson." He stated that even granting that the charge sheet was ready on the day the Chief Minister issued the directive, it did not mention with reasonable particularity the offences which the Chief Minister was referring in his order against his clients. Mere reference to 1,200 murders, 4,000 dacoities and so on would not be sufficient to meet the requirements of law without details.

GOVERNMENT'S VIEW

Mr. V. Rajarama Iyer, Advocate-General, then began his arguments in reply to some of the points raised by Mr. Mackanna on "equal protection of laws and equality before law." He read out extracts from a recent Full Bench judgment of the Madras High Court which made particular reference to these provisions contained in the new Constitution. He had not completed his arguments when their Lordships Justice Sripatrao Palnitkar and Justice Muhammed Ahmed Ansari told the Advocate-General that in view of the important constitutional issues involved in this case, they were strongly inclined to the view that it should be referred to a full bench of the High Court. They, however, added that an order to this effect recording their views on the matter would be made on October 18 when the case would come up for hearing.

NEHRU'S FAR EASTERN POLICY EXTOLLED

NEW YORK, OCTOBER. 10. (PTI).

SUPPORT FOR INDIA'S RECENT POLICY IN THE UNITED NATIONS HAS COME FROM THE WORLD-FAMOUS SCIENTIST, DR. ALBERT EINSTEIN. CABLES D. P. WAGLE, PTI CORRESPONDENT.

Mr. B. N. Rau, India's permanent delegate to the United Nations, met the philosopher mathematician at Princeton and was with him for more than two hours. Profess or Einstein was understood to have expressed admiration for the stand taken by Pandit Nehru regarding the Far East and to have said that India's abstention on the Korean resolution in the General Assembly was correct in the light of the principles upheld by Pandit Nehru.

While caution still forbids the shouting of "victory" in Korea and all appraisals of the military situation are qualified by warnings of the "unexpected", the general feeling is that the United Nations has won a great political victory in the United Nations.

The Communist countries had concentrated their fire in the U.N. on the United States in general and on General MacArthur in particular, but the majority of the General Assembly gave the green light to both to go ahead in the name of the United Nations.

Albert Einstein

SECOND OBJECTIVE

Attention is now being centred on the second objective of the United States to create permanent standby United Nations forces that could be set in motion at 24 hours notice to curb aggression.

The United States has announced that it would agree to wide modifications of the plan, provided the basic principles are accepted, namely that the General Assembly should not be stymied from action if the Security Council was deadlocked by the veto.

If India has any doubts regarding specific points of the American resolution, she is in good company this time. Several Western countries are said to be sceptical about setting aside troops for a specific U.N. purpose. But one thing claimed for the American resolution, in contradistinction to the parallel resolution is this: The American statement of aims does not involve violence to the U.N. Charter whereas the Chilean proposal does.

BYPASSING U N S E C

The Chilean proposal would empower the "Little Assembly" to investigate threats to and breaches of the peace on complaints by member or non-member states. This is interpreted as conferring on the Soviet-boycotted Little Assembly the powers of the Security Council. The American proposal would arm the General Assembly with such powers.

There is no doubt that there is overwhelming support for some plan for collective action, and the success of the Korean campaign has had the effect of bringing many waverers and sceptics to the American point of view.

Korea, thus far, at any rate, has therefore been a panacea that has cured or is expected to cure a number of ills the United States and the United Nations were suffering from.

But tact and circumspection are the watchwords for the time being and nothing is being said or done to wound any one's feelings.

SCATTERED COVERING IN TATA STEELS

Indian Irons Record Improvement.

BOMBAY, Oct. 10

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quietly steady today with routine business. There was utter absence of any professional activity and quotations fluctuated within a narrow range. There was moderate recovery in Indian Irons on short covering otherwise the session was dull.

The recent price movement of active Shares has created somewhat bearish sentiment and buyers are reluctant to increase purchases. Thus without any sound constructive development, it will be difficult to attract buying support.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1707/8 and after declining at Rs. 1705/- improved at Rs. 1710 with scattered business. Ordinary Shares were steady at Rs. 30/2 and after hardening at Rs. 30/10 declined at Rs. 30/4. Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 21/6.

Bombay Dyeings were quiet at Rs. 927/8 and Kohinoors were done at Rs. 309/-. Nagpurs came in business at Rs. 242/- while Simplex Mill Shares improved at Rs. 258/-.

Scindia Shares were done at Rs. 14/4 and Premier Constructions were placed at Rs. 116/-. Bombay Burmas were neglected at Rs. 495/-.

Later on there was very little business and prices show no important departure. Tata Steel Defds. were placed at Rs. 1710¾ and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 328/- and tone was steady on scattered short covering.

After the close Tata Steel Defds. improved at Rs. 1722/- and steadied at Rs. 1718-12.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bomaby Dyeing (7-8 XD	933 12
Kohinoor Mills (6) XD	310 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	267 8
Central India Mills (66) XD	242 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	257 8
Indore	105 0
New Great Eastern (3-2)	154
Gokak (12)	240 0
Century Spinning (15)	250 0
India Bleaching (8)	173 0
Swan (20)	328 8
Finlay Mills (15)	255 0
Morarji (4-8)	171 4
Edward	245 0
Meyer (6)	88 12
Apollo Mills (Rs. 4)	2 15 6
India United Ord.	11 9 6
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1 12 6
Madhusudan (15)	153 12
Podar (9)	131 4
Khatau (5)	170 0
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (16) XD	328 8
Tata Steel Defd. (79-5) XD	1712 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	139 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	169 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	498 2
Belapur (9)	269 8
Shivrajpur (18)	40 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14 7 6
Premier Construction (4)	116 0
Tata Chemical	12 15
Tata Oil (I)	40 12
Indian Iron (6-12)	30 4
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 6
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 12 6
India Copper	2 11 6
Wimco (11)	230 9
Alcock (28-2)	306 14
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	162 8
Tata Power (25)	1620 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1447 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone (5)	58 0
Phoenix (6)	115 0
Indian Mfg. (40)	3350 0
Kurla XD	101 4
Colaba (12)	88 8
New City (11)	162 8
Minerva (12)	136 4
Bharucha	4 12
Bradbury	450 0
Bharat (2)	25 12
Mysore Defd. (4)	X.D. 148 12
Madhavji (0-12-0)	26 0
Model Mills (12-8)	155 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	590 0
Vishnu Cotton (6)	203 12
Western India (40)	3005 0
Standard (15)	240 0
Sholapur (200)	3060 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	27 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	X.D 3410 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	50 8
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240 0
Sassoon Silk (2-10) X.D.	35 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	23 0
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Raja Bahadur (4)	60 0
Berar	256 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	110 10
Ahmedabad New XD	108 0
Surat Electric (5)	136 14
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 1
Ajmer Electricty (0-8)	10 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 9
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (5-2)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	140 0
Jalgaon	10 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40)	1992 8
Imperial Bank P. (10)	488 12
Central Bank (1-8)	83 4
Central New (1-8)	82 0
Bank of India (4)	180 0
Union (0-5)	7 4
Baroda (2-8)	124 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	35 0
United Commercial (1-8)	47 4
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	30 0
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4960 0
Empire (10)	580 0
New India (2)	66 8
Jupiter (0-12)	12 14
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	40 0
Universal Fire	8 14
B.I.C.	16 4
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 4
All India General	10 4
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	111 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steam (10)	238 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	161 4
Burma (Petrol)	1-9-3
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	51 4
Kemp and Co. (30)	342 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	90 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	79 8
Dharamsey Chemical (4)	58 0
Mukund Iron	5 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	12 0
Alembic (15)	116 14
Supreme Industries	84 0
Bombay Uganda	65 8
Indian Cement (1937)	24 8
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	175 10
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujerat Motor	26 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	810 0
Estrella Batteries	39 0
National Rayon	69 8
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost Co.	73 12
Digvijay Cement	70 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) XD	195 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1248-12
Tata Power (7-8)	1348 12
Hydro Electric (7) XD	133 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	220 0
Central India (5)	655 0
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	215 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	108 12
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (8-4)	133 12
Pre Construction First	101 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	138 12
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie (first)	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	99 8
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	78 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	3 3
New Victoria Mill	2 0
New Victoria Pref	4 0
Phalton (8)	118 8
Gold Mohor (20)	285 0
New Kaisari Hind	325 0
Sajjan Mills	115 0
Osmanshahi	115 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air Services	5 4
Air India Tata	65 4
Hind Motor	6 2 6
India Steam	7 6
Tata Locomotive	95 0
Killick Industries	124 0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

Tata Ordinary 328-8, Tata Deferred 1718-12, Indian Iron 30-5, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21, Bombay Dyeing 933-12, Central India 242, Gokak 240, Kohinoor 310, Simplex 257-8, Swadeshi 267-8, Tata Power 1620, Associated Cement 169-4, Belapur 269-8, Bombay Burma (Old) 498-2, Scindia 14-7-6, Central Bank 83-4, New India 66-8, Tata 2nd Pref. 138.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

During the week ended the 6th October, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,85,75,000 were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

The local bullion market was dull today with limited business. The silver market manipulated by professional bull operators and nobody is inclined to do any business while gold is keeping quiet.

At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 182/10 and after improving at Rs. 182/14 declined at Rs. 182/9 and steadied at Rs. 182/10 ready mint silver was quoted at Rs. 182/12 while spot bullion was placed at Rs. 182/6.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 111 and quietened at Rs. 110/12 and steadied at Rs. 110/14. Ready gold was placed at Rs. 111 and sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 75/8

Silver fluctuated between Rs. 182/6 and Rs. 182-14 while Gold declined at Rs. 110/5. The market finally closed as under:

Ready Silver	182	6	0
Forward	182	8	0
Ready Gold	110	8	0
Forward	110	7	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

The local produce market was steady but quiet with limited business. Rajkot Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 216/14 and quotations in the local market were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh quality	43	4	0
Madras	43	0	0
Bold ready	42	4	0
November	40	6	0
Bold December	38	15	0
Bold January	38	9	0
Oil Bombay Mills	24	0	0
Oil Railway Receipt	23	4	0
Oil October	23	2	0
Oil November	21	10	6
LINSEED			
Bold ready	41	14	0
Ready Satna	40	10	0
October	41	14	0
November	41	15	0
Oil	22	8	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Bold ready	32	12	0
Madras	35	0	0
October	35	4	0
November	35	6	0
Oil First Pressure	20	0	0
Oil Bazar Quality	19	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

	Rs	as	ps
2-1/3% 1954	98	14	0
2-1/2 % 1955	99	10	0
2¼% 1961	96	13	0
2½% 1960	99	2	0
2½% 1962	98	13	0
3 per cent 1976	95	8	0
3% 1955 Con.	96	1	0
3% 1951/54	101	1	0
3% 1953/55	101	8	0
3% 1957	101	4	0
3% 1959/61	100	9	0
3 % 1963/65	99	10	0
3% 1964	99	10	0
3% 1966/68	99	7	0
3% 1970/75	99	4	0
3½% 1954/59	104	0	0
4% 1960/70	109	4	0
4-1/2% 1955/60	109	8	0
4% 1958/68	112	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 per cent Bombay 1962	99	3	0
3 per cent Bombay 1960	99	7	0
2½% U.P. 1961	96	14	0
3½% Madras 1961	96	14	0
3% Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3% Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	102	0	0
4 per cent Madras 1952/53	100	8	0
3% U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% C.P 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/66	99	2	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98	13	0
4 per cent B.P.I.	109	8	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	109	4	0
5 % B. Municipality	113	0	0
6% B. Municipality 1954	112	0	0

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 10; Market observed a firm tendency.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 285¼, Highest 286|12; Arvind opened 763, highest 768; Ambica opened 313, highest 314|8; deferred opened 1,711, lowest 1,703, highest 1,718; New Shorok opened 545, highest 551.

Closing quotations: Calico 286|8, Arvind 767, Ambica 314. Deferred 1,718 New Shorok 550, Arun 355, Anil Starch 285, Mahalaxmi 380, Vikram 390, Sayaji 121|8.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 9.

KARNAK:	
November	108.75—205
January	108.50—300
March	108.95—295
ASHMOUNI:	
October	104.80—105
December	104.00—140
February	103.60—180

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T.T. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buyings 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th 9th Month.

New York B C Rate T T Rs 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 45-3/4.

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 453.

Banks Buying T T Rs 475 Montreal Rs. 448.

Banks Buying D D Rs 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 445-3/4.

Banks Buying D D Rs 473 3/4 L/C Montreal Rs. 446-1/2 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D Gids 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 83 1/4

Singapore Banks Selling T.T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8 London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63 65 London-Bangkok Cross Rate Tel 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32 36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 89.40 91 00 London/Java Cross Rate F. 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1.84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Esc. 5.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 2.95-2.97 London/New York Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2.4 1/16 2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14/47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23 1126

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.

London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money: Call 3/4 per cent, 3 Mos. 1 per cent 6 Mos 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mo 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, October 10 (PTI): Following are today's quotations in Madras share market: Three per cent paper 96|9, three per cent 1966 96|1, three per cent 1953|55 101|7, three per cent 1970|75 99|4, three per cent 1966|68 99|11, three per cent 1964 99|12 Government of Travancore: Three per-cent 1952|54 102|5, Government of Madras: Three per cent 1956 100|1, three per cent 1958 100|-, three per cent 1960 98|8|6.

Banks: Travancore 13|4.

Plantings: Chembra 5|7, Cochin Malabar 6|9, Devashola 16|14, Ouchterlony 6|15, Pullangode 1|11|6, Thirumbadi 2|15|6, T. R. and T. Co. 7|7, Vaikundam 11|-;

Textiles: Buckingham 140|8, Do Pref 7-1|2, per cent 186|-, Cambodia 12|4, Coimbatre 154|- Do Pioneer 125 Do Spg 54|-, Lakshmi 77|-, Do "A", 38|-, Madura 36|-, Mettur 352|-, Rajalakshmi 82|-, Ranga Vilas 50|-, Trav Rayons 4|10, Trichinopoly 13|8, Vasanta 111|8,

Miscellaneous: Andhra Cement 77|-, FACT 6 India Steel Rolling 6|13 Mettur Chem 5|10, Mysore Chem 10|-,

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

MILLS—

Apollo 2-15-6
B. Dyeing 930 27-8 31-4 28-12 33-12
C. India 243 40 41-8 41 42
Century 250 (Ex-Div.)
Colaba 88-8
Gokak 240
I.U. Defd. 11 1-12-6 1-12 1-12-6
" Ord. 11-9 11-10 11-8-6 11-9-6
Indore 103-12 5
Kohinoor 310-8 9 10-8 8-12 10
Laxmi 592-8
Madhusudan 153-12
Model 156-14 57-8
New City 152-8
New Great 154
Podar 131-4
Sassoon Cotton 27
Simplex 251 59 57 59 57-8
Svadeshi 267 65 67-8 66-4 67-8
Tata Mills 50-4 50-8
Scindia 14-4 14-6 14-2 14-4 14-3 14-7-6

BANKS—

Baroda 124-4 24-8
Central 83 83-8 83-4
" New 82
Imperial Old 1990 92-8
" New 48-12
India 180
Union 7-4
U. Commercial 48-8

ELECTRICS.

Ahmedabad 111/4 10 10/10
Ahmedabad New 108
Hydro 162/8
Hydro Pref 133/12
Power 1622/8 20
Jupiter 12/10 12/12
New India 66/8

STEELS.

B Steel 21/6 21/11 21/5 21/6
I. Iron 30 30/10 30/4 30/6 30/1 30/4
Tata Defd 1708/12 7/8 13/12 5 12/8 7/8 13/12 12/8
Tata Ord. 327 28/4 27/12 28/12 27/8 29 28/8
Tata 2nd Pref 138 39/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 310 6/14
L.C.C. 168/12 69/4 68/8 69/4
Belapur 269 68 69/8
B.B. Old 496/4 501/4 495 98/2
B.B. New 165 61/4
B.B. Petrol 1/9 1/9/3
B.I.C. 8/13 8/12 8/12/6
Dharamsey 58
I. Copper 2/11/6 2/12 2/11/6
P. Const. 117 15/8 16 15/8 16
Shivrajpur 41 40/8
Tata Chem. 13/1 12/15
Tata Oil 41 41/12
Wimco 230 31/4 30
Walchandnagar 175/10

SPECIAL

National Rayon Pref 80

AMERICAN MARKETS

BEARISH BUREAU DEPRESSES N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Wall Street Market Quietly Steady

NEW YORK, October 9.

Opening gains under the leadership of fardistants reflected commissionhouse buying and scarcity of contracts with renewed demand partly based on the belief that a large crop next season could be readily absorbed. Mills purchased current crop months against textile sales prompted by expectations of a smaller government crop estimate with hedging supplying the bulk of contracts. Prices subsequently reacted under additional hedging and profittaking with declines sharply extended following the posting of larger than expected government crop estimate.

Selling tapered off somewhat however and prices recovered partly on renewed mill demand and short covering. In the afternoon earlier losses were sharply extended under fresh liquidation, hedges and stoploss selling which encountered disappointing offtake. The market managed to stage fair-sized rallies at times chiefly on shortcovering only to meet renewed offerings Prices continued to feel the impact of the larger than expected bureau estimate with mills reported lowering their buying limits as a result of a somewhat better supply outlook The market closed easy with sales at 5,00,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK COTTON

October .... nom	40.15
December	39.88
March	39.61
May	39.40
Middling Spot	41.30

NEWORLEANS COTTON

October	39.90
December	39.72
March	39.47
May	39.31
Middling Spot	40.25

New York Cotton December highest 40.96 at 10.00 lowest 39.88 at 15.00.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, October 9.

Buyers initially succeeded in pushing the stockmarket narrowly to a new 1950 high but lack of followthrough support soon found wavering tendencies developing under moderate corrective profittaking and other pressure Near midday prices showed mostly fractional variations eitherway with losses holding a small edge and including numerous pivotal industrials and rails. The averages at noon were industrials 231.08 and rails 69 32.

Softening gained further headway in the afternoon a numerous buyers continued to sit back to allow corrective forces additional play. In fair but orderly trading, issues sagged to losses of mostly down to two dollars. Leading steels, motors, rails, oils, chemicals, rubbers, communications and industrial equipment were particularly responsive to pressure, New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railway exceptionally lost six points. Attesting to the stable internal market condition, the main body setback was stemmed after reaching down to two dollars or more. Subsequently the rally which was still underway at the close reduced most losses but the market still finished with declines mostly down to one dollar or so. The market closed steady.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph	150-5/8
Amerex Holding Co	39
Anaconda Copper	35
Chase National Bank	37
Firestone Tyre	74-1/4
General Electric	48-3/4
General Motors	53-7/8
Ingersoll Rand	71-1/2
International Nickel	34-1/4
National City Bank	44
N.Y Central	16-1/2
Sinclair Oil	30-5/8
Secony Vaccum	24
Texas Co.	75-1/8
Union Carbide	46-5/8
N S Smelting	49
N S Steel common	40-1-/8
Western Union	40-1/8

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day 2,330.000 Highest and lowest K S Steel trading prices were 41 and 39-5/8 respectly.

Chicago Grains Market

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.

GRAINS: Prices firmed early under the leadership of wheat reflecting reports of unwanted rains over the weekend in parts of Illinos and Indiana which hampered harvesting. The market however encountered increased selling pressure following the publication of a larger than expected cotton crop forecast. Exporters purchased wheat at the outset against the sales of cargo of number two hard winter wheat to Switzerland over the weekend and 5,000 tons to Holland today. Meanwhile exporters reported United Kingdom was inactive in the United States grain market today.

CHICAGO WHEAT

December 2.25-3|8, Mar 2.30-1|8, May 2.20-5|8, July 2.16-3|8.

N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, Oct. 9: Open market dealings declined to 225,000 ounces presumably reflecting small offerings of European silver from non-regular sellers at a slight price discount. The price remains at 73 cents per ounce.

Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, Oct. 9: The pepper market was quiet, sellers ex-godown price of black Lampong being raised five dollars to 630 and white Muntok held unchanged at 965 dollars per picul.

Paris Bourse Quiet

PARIS, Oct. 9: Practicall all sections were very quiet and prices generally were indecisive because of inactivity. However, sterling issues firmed in response to the news that the black market pound quotation today equalled the official level. Internationals were devoid of interest and lower were changed. Dutch and Scandinavian shares provided an exception showing great stability, occasionally translated into price gains. Rentes followed the general trend, small offerings depressing values.

New York Pepper Quiet

NEW YORK, Oct. 9: Trading was quiet and prices moderately lower reflecting lack of buying interest. Spot was quoted at 180 cents October arrival at 178, November arrival at 177 and December shipment at 150 per pounds weight. Indian advices continue firm at last week's high levels which was unattractive to dealers as they provide little or no margin compared the price basis here. Near disappearance of the premium for spot was attributed to the recent easing in the supply position which, while expected the nearby needs of most grinders and the tendency now is to make replacements sparingly.

Following are today's closing prices: Spot 1.80 asked. Old and New Contracts: Oct. 1.80 Nov. 1.79 Dec. 1.76 Jan 1.65 Feb. 1.55 all nominals. White pep per spot 3.05 nominal.

Slow Dealings On Brussels Exchange

BRUSSELS, Oct. 9: Dealings were rather slow and prices frequently drifted lower. Union miniere turned lower and a declining trend was seen in rubbers. Coals appeared to be marking time and many other sections were irregular with losses small.

CALCUTTA MARKET

Good Deal Of Fluctuations

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10 (PTI).—The market underwent a good deal of fluctuations with regard to the more speculative stocks while others remained steady and inactive. Following are today's final transactions upto 3-00 p.m.:

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 per cent Govt. Paper 96/10 s lot, 3 per cent Loan 1986 96/4, 3 per cent Loan 1970/75 99/4, 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 109/-.

COTTONS: Dunbar 158/-. New Victoria ordy 2/-.

COALS: Borrea 37/6, Burrakur 14/-, Central India 5/5, Churulia 5/2, East Indian 40/12. Katras Jherriah 43/8, Nazira 8/5, New Beerbhoom 18/5, Talcher 2/11, Sendra 16/-, Western Bengal 6/13.

JUTES: Empire 28/6 s lot, India 183/-, Howrah 34/15, Kamarhatty 321/- sl. National 26/4 s o lot, Presidency 6/13. Megna 157/- s lot. Nuddea 81/8.

ENGINEERINGS: Arthur Butler 11/15, Braithwaite & Co. 9/7. Burn & Co. ordy. 310/-, Brit. Engineering 17/8, Jessop and Co. 18/9, Indian Iron 30/12, Marshalls 8/8. Saran Eng. 9/3, Steel Corp. 21/4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 3/3, Consolidated Tin 1/8, Indian Copper 2/11, Tavoy Tin Annas 13, Sone Valley Cement 6/7. Calcutta Electric 16/2, Angelo Bros 30/2, BIC 8/12, Eastern Investment 158/- sl., Jardine Henderson 162/-, Martin Burn 17/1, Metal Corp. 5/5, National Insulated Cable 11/10, British Burma Petrol 1/9, Shree Gopal Paper 12/-, Titaghur Paper 27/-, Midnapore Zemindary 65/-, India General Navgn. 92/8, India Steamship 7/6.

SUGARS: Buland 10/11, Carew and Co. 8/12, Dyer Meaking Brewery 13/-, New Savan 6/12.

TEAS: Eastern Cachar 4/- sls, Hattikhira 15/-, Jutlibari 9/6, New Samanbagh 16/- ct, Sonal River 9/-, Tengpani 19/4 sl, Tezpore 24/6.

London Copra Steady

LONDON, Oct. 9: The copra market was steadier with moderate buying interest Straits Dutch East Indies fair merchantable delivered weight at £97-1/2 bid and £98-1/2 asked and Philippines bulk at 240 dollars bid both per ton c.i.f. November shipment. Ceylon was quoted nominally at £102 after £104 reported paid recently.

The cocoanut oil market was steady, Straits in drums at £145-1/2 and in bulk at £141-1/2. Ceylon in drums at £143-1/2 and in bulk at £139, all sellers per ton October-November shipment c.i.f.

INCREASED PRODUCTION AT LOWER COSTS

Shri Jain's Suggestion

Presiding over the Seventeenth Annual Session of the All-India Organisation of Industrial Employers on Tuesday, Shri S. P. Jain observed "the immediate and fundamental problem in the country is to over-come the crisis of inadequate supplies and high prices; and there is no means of overcoming it except through increased production at lower costs. We have not only to increase production but to achieve that at reduced costs. It is not possible to realise reduction in prices without an increase in production; similarly, a larger volume of production cannot be turned out without improved productivity. Therefore, the objective to be vigorously pursued should be the increase of production and productivity."

DISPLACEMENT OF LABOUR

No doubt displacement of labour was an inevitable effect of rationalisation, but that had to be set against the other sound and desirable results that rationalisation would bring about for the larger good of the country. The economic operation of industries and their future development to gain stability and competitive capacity were bound up with rationalisation. A measure affecting the economy of the country could not just be viewed from the single and narrow view-point of any particular section. The improvement of the working efficiency of industries leading to a greater sense of self-sufficiency and the creation of fresh sources for capital investment and avenues for greater employment, were all important factors for consideration. Rationalisation was thus a process of industrial improvement that helped industries immediately, the consumers and the country as a whole and the workers themselves ultimately. In rejecting rationalisation, labour was ignoring its security and was shutting up its prospects of economic betterment. The question of rationalisation had been discussed at various Industries' Conferences and accepted, and labour had promised co-operation. Shri Jain stressed that the National Planning Commission should give urgent attention to this question

WAGES BILL

Shri Jain continuing said that Fair Wages Bill was a measure that should be fitted in with the scheme of rationalisation. The industrial community was absolutely in favour of giving to workers their due share and they cherished the hope that labour by improving its work and efficiency would help the profitable operation of industries and progressively reach living wage by itself. But the fixation of Fair Wages was undeniably a question where sound principles of economy rather than sentiment should influence decision and the fact that welfare of labour and prosperity of industries go together should not be lost sight of. He doubted the wisdom of attempting to provide for increasing amenities of labour without ensuring the sound working of industries. He pointed out that the Bill did not indicate what should be considered fair return to capital, the percentage of allocations to reserves, depreciation, etc.—matters involving fundamental questions of incentive, capital formation and finance for expansion of industrial units.

Prudence and sound economy suggested that the present was not the appropriate time for launching upon costly and vast schemes on a nationwide basis particularly when Government were themselves seeking to reduce costs, to bring down the level of prices and the cost of living in the country. To impose additional burden on industry at this stage would, therefore, hardly be in unison with Government's declared policy.

SUBSTANTIAL BENEFITS

Referring in this connection to the other substantial benefits already enjoyed by labour as a result of the various recent legislative measures, which had automatically imposed on industries extremely heavy financial and other burdens adding to their costs considerably, Shri Jain observed that these additions to costs and consequent higher prices would have been adequately compensated if production and efficiency had improved. There would have been then some relief to the hard pressed consumer in his cost of living. But as things were, the weight of the benefits accruing to labour, who constituted just over two millions in the country, had been borne by the vast number of consumers and industries.

In spite of the successive gains that labour had been able to make, labour unrest still prevailed. Even illegal strikes during the pendency of adjudication causing serious loss to industry and the nation were not uncommon. The strike in the textile industry at Bombay was an instance of the kind. If strikes and direct action methods were resorted to when there was a well laid-down procedure for settling disputes by peaceful methods without interruption to the work in factories and loss of production, it was purposeless for the Government to promulgate and the employers to agree to various pieces of legislation for governing labour-management relations.

WHOLE-HEARTED CO-OPERATION

Concluding his speech Shri Jain assured the Government of the wholehearted co-operation of the industrial employers, in building up the industrial structure and the economy of the country. The bona-fides of the industrial community in regard to their efforts to increase production, he said, had been testified by the Parliamentary Delegation. The Indian industrialists had endeavoured to make available indigenous products at the lowest possible prices to the people. In spite of the increasing manufacturing costs, the increase in the prices of manufactured products had not been in proportion to the rise in the cost of raw materials, etc. He denied the charge that the industrialists had tried to take advantage of war atmosphere to raise the prices of essential commodities and observed that it was unrelated to facts.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY SAVES TWO CRORES

Finance Minister On Retrenchment

POONA, Oct. 10, (PTI).

A SAVING of Rs. two crores in the establishment charges has been effected by the Bombay Government through their retrenchment programme, the Finance Minister, Mr. V. L. Mehta, stated in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

He was explaining Government's retenchment policy and answering the criticism that had been made against it by members of the Opposition during the discussion on a cut motion to a demand made in the supplementary statement of expenditure for the pay of the staff of the Special Retrenchment Officer appointed by Government.

Opposition to the policy was voiced on the ground that retrenchment would cause hardship to the families of discharged personnel and would add to the number of unemployed in the State. It was also stated that the policy hit only the lower staff and that while on the one hand Government had discharged some employees many more had been absorbed in Government services.

LEAST HARDSHIP

The Finance Minister claimed that the retrenchment programme was framed on a scientific basis and was implemented in such a way as to cause the least hardship. He said Government had abolished 10,000 posts but the number of employees discharged, none of whom came from the permanent cadre, were only about 3,500. The remaining posts abolished referred to vacancies which Government had not filled.

Mr. Mehta said that when the programme was fully implemented about 200 more employees would be retrenched.

The Finance Minister explained that the cut in the establishment charges had been necessitated because of the gap that faced the State in the revenue and expenditure which at the time of the budget was of the order of Rs. 4-1/2 crores. The gap was sought to be reduced by Rs. 2.62 crores by reduction in the establishment charges.

EVEN MINISTERS HIT!

Mr. Mehta denied that the axe was being applied only to the lower grade staff. In fact, he said, they started by reducing the number of Ministers of the Cabinet from 12 to 11 and had abolished the posts of three Revenue Commissioners in the State. The question of abolition of a post of the Commissioner of Excise was also under consideration.

Earlier, the Chief Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, assured the House that it would get an opportunity to discuss the proposals of the Bombay State Delimitation Committee when they were finalised.

ELECTIONS

The question whether it was within the scope of the State Legislature to discuss matters relating to the next general elections was raised during the discussion on supplementary statement of expenditure, adds U.P.

The Speaker K. S. Firodia said that the debate would have to be somewhat restricted in view of the fact that the conduct of the next general elections was mainly the concern of the Union Government and also that the Bill defining the responsibility of the Union and States Governments in the matter of holding the elections had yet to be passed.

The Speaker ruled out of order the cut motions tabled by Communist Member S. A. Dange, and Peasants and Workers' Party member P. K. Bhapkar.

READJUSTMENT OF BOUNDARIES

Final Decision Soon

POONA, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Revenue Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, informed the Bombay Legislative Council today that the final decision of Government in regard to readjustment of Taluka and District boundaries because of the merger of the former States into the Bombay State would be published shortly. It was proposed, he added, to bring into formation the new districts from the middle of October.

Mr. K. P. Mathrani, who had conducted the inquiry into this question had made his recommendations after giving the people fullest opportunity to submit their objections and suggestions, Mr. Desai said.

The Council gave its approval today to eight official Bills, which had already been passed by the Lower House before adjourning for the day.

LAND REVENUE CODE

A suggestion that the whole of the Bombay Land Revenue Code be revised was made by Mr. B. K. Karanjia during the discussion on the Bill to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code. He said the Code has been amended on so many occasions that it became difficult even for pleaders to know how the modified Code stood.

Several members expressed the view that properitors of entertainments should be permitted to issue at least five per cent of the complimentary tickets free of entertainment tax, during the debate on the Bill to amend the Bombay Entertainments Duty Act. This Bill enables Governments to levy duty on all complimentary tickets.

Before the House commenced its proceedings, it expressed its regret at the death of Mr. Randhir P. Desai, one of its sitting members from Surat. The Chairman Mr. R. G. Soman, the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai and several other members expressed their deep sense of loss at the demise of their colleague.

SUITS AGAINST EAST BENGAL

"Indian Courts Not Competent To Try"

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10. (PTI): The Attorney-General of India Mr. M C. Setalvad, said in the Supreme Court today that the suit against East Bengal in respect of assessment of income-tax on Chakla Estates which before Aug. 15, 1948, belonged to the ruler of Tripura and now was Pakistan territory, could not be continued in an Indian court.

He was intervening during the hearing of the appeal filed by the ruler of Tripura against a Calcutta High Court judgement holding that the Alipore lower court had no jurisdiction to try the suit. Hearing was concluded today and judgement was reserved.

Mr. Setalvad said that on the passing of the Indian Independence Act of 1947, the two dominions became sovereign states. That being the position, the rule of international law which laid down that the court of a state could not have jurisdiction over a foreign state became effective. Therefore, any bringing on record of either India or Pakistan in a court of the other Dominion could only be done if provisions under Section 86 of the Government of India Act of 1935 were complied with. Under this section, before the suit against East Bengal could be proceeded with the consent of the Government had to be obtained. But no such thing had been done in this case.

NOT APPLICABLE

The Chief Justice remarked that these provisions under Section 86 related to protected chiefs in India before 1945. With regard to Pakistan, as in the present case, that section was not applicable.

Referring to the rights, property and liabilities order, Mr. Setalvad said it was clear that Section 12 which was operative could apply only if the liability was transferred by this order and not otherwise. Then only substitution of East Bengal for the original defendant namely undivided Bengal was permissible.

Mr. Setalvad said that Section 10 (2) of the order spoke of "actionable wrong". Actionable wrong predicated a wrong committed. But in this case there was no such wrong. Issue of notice by the income-tax officer, Dacca Range, in February 1948, to the manager of the estates in dispute was no commission of any wrong or injury.

ARTISTS IN U. S.

Krishnaji Shamrao Kulkarni of New Delhi (rear row, left) is among artists from 15 overseas countries spending three months in the United States studying techniques in architecture, art, literature, music, drama and choreography and exchanging ideas with American artists. The photograph shows a group of the visiting artists at the opening session of the 1950 International Arts Programme.—USIS PHOTO.

DACCA BELIES E. BENGAL PREMIER'S CLAIMS

Riots Made Out As Dacoities And Abductions As Love

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10, (PTI).

THE West Bengal Government, in a press note today, expressed surprise at the statement issued by the East Bengal Premier, Mr. Nurul Amin, at Karachi stating that absolute normalcy prevailed in East Pakistan and that there had been a complete absence of communal incidents in the province since the Delhi Pact.

"From time to time", the press note added, "several hundred instances of violation of the pact had been brought to the notice of the Government of East Bengal, including the commission of serious crimes against life and property.

"In some cases where instances of occurrence have been acknowledged, the communal aspect of the case has been denied by the East Bengal Government. In some cases, as in the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, Narainganj, and the raid on Hindu houses and shops in Chittagong, where Hindu houses have been looted by armed men of the majority community, these have been dubbed as cases of ordinary dacoity.

OUT OF LOVE

"In several cases where Hindu women have been traced to be living in Muslim houses, such cases have been described as instance where Hindu women have voluntarily embraced Islam and have married Muslims."

The press note added that the rosy picture of conditions in East Bengal, as painted by Mr. Nurul Amin, was belied by conditions in Dacca town itself, where the majority of the Hindus had left the town for the Indian Union long after the Delhi Pact, "whereas Colootolla Street, Zakaria Street and Khidderpore in Calcutta are still full of flourishing Muslim shops —a fact which renders sufficient testimony to the protection granted to the minorities by a secular state".

Tandon In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (PTI): The Congress President Mr. Purshottam Das Tandon arrived here today from Allahabad to continue his attempts to form the new Working Committee of the Congress.

When interviewed, the Congress President who was busy going through some A.I.C.C. files in the presence of the Congress Secretary Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, said that he expected to announce the personnel of the new Working Committee during the next four days of his stay in Delhi.

When the U.P.I. correspondent drew Mr. Tandon's attention to a report about the return of the U.P. "rebels" to the Congress-fold, the Congress President remarked, "It is not at all in my head at the moment."

NEWS BRIEFS

SUGARCANE CROP: The condition of the sugarcane crop in Madras state is generally satisfactory except in Coimbatore and Ramanathapuram districts, where it is reported to be affected due to inadequate rain, says the intermediate condition report on the sugarcane crop in the Madras state for the year 1950-51 issued by the Public (economics and statistics) Department, Government of Madras.

DELHI CONCESSION: The Government of India have agreed, on humanitarian grounds, to permit a number of Ahamdiyya Muslims living at Qadian, in the Punjab, to bring their families from West Pakistan for permanent resettlement in India.

RECONSTRUCTION: Over one hundred miles of the River Jhelum's bunds damaged by the recent floods, are to be entirely reconstructed. Final touches to the scheme are now being given by the Kashmir State experts.

PATIALA HARTAL: Patiala observed hartal on October 9 as a protest against the sales tax in PEPSU. The shopkeepers of Patiala took out a procession and paraded through the bazars and assembled near the Secretariat where slogans like "we will not give and take sales tax" were raised. Seventeen shopkeepers are reported to have returned to the Government their sales tax licenses.

DECLARED UNCERTIFIED: The Madras Government has declared the English film entitled "Borderline" produced by the Universal International Pictures, uncertified in the whole of the State of Madras.

Greek-Bulgarian Tension Likely To Increase

ATHENS, Oct. 10. (PTI-Reuter): Greek Government quarters said today they feared increased tension with Bulgaria after the failure of attempts to settle dispute over the tiny island of Alpha.

The Greeks accuse the Bulgarians of trying to "steal" the island which lies in the middle of the River Evros in Thrace.

FINAL PUBLICATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS

Simplified Procedure To Save Time Envisaged

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (UPI).

TOP-RANKING officers of the Election Commission as well as the Legislative Department are at present busy devising ways and means whereby the procedure for final publication of the electoral rolls would be simplified to the extent of saving at least three months' time, so that the first general elections under the new Constitution of India may be held by April or May, 1951.

This feverish activity is due, it is learnt, to the repeated emphasis which the Prime Minister has, of late, laid on having the general elections by April or May Next. Accordingly, it is understood, a Bill will be introduced and got adopted at the next session of the Parliament amending the Representation of the People Act as the procedure laid down under it, is followed in its entirety, would make the final publication of the electoral rolls before March next extremely difficult.

According to the normal procedure contemplated under the Representation of the People Act, electoral rolls are to be prepared by reference to the constituencies. Until the constituencies are delimited, electoral rolls cannot be published even in draft for inviting claims and objections.

The authorities concerned are understood to have decided to publish the electoral rolls preliminarily for inviting claims and objections by reference to electoral areas for which they are being prepared, and not by reference to constituencies. And after the disposal of claims and objections, when the rolls will be finally published, it would be done by reference to constituencies.

SAVING OF TIME

An idea of the speed and expedition with which the departments concerned with the election matters are carrying on their work would be obtained from the fact that all the States were asked to give their opinion by October 10 at the latest on the electoral Bill, which is to be introduced in the next session of Parliament, laying down rules for the conduct of elections qualification and disqualifications of membership, method of voting, whether cumulated or distributive etc. It is understood that defaulting States have been telegraphically requested to send their considered opinions on the provisions of this important Bill in a fortnight's time.

JOHNSON COUNTS RUSSIA'S ERRORS

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Louis Johnson, former United States Secretary of Defence, said in a speech here last night that Russia committed a tactical error in picking Korea to test the strength of the United Nations. "Other places might have been much harder to defend," he said.

If America had been fully prepared to defend Korea, Mr. Johnson told the opening session of the National Legion Convention, "the Communists would have probed the vulnerability of the United Nations in the Middle East."

"To try to be invincible everywhere would result in being strong nowhere", he said. "So we must take calculated risks—try to deter, but prepare to defend and defeat those who are imprudent enough not to be deterred."

SHAH OF PERSIA TO RE-MARRY

TEHERAN, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlevi, 31-year-old ruler of Persia, who divorced King Farouk's sister, Egyptian Princess Fawzia, is about to marry an 18-year-old Persian girl, the local press reported last night.

These reports said his bride will be Soraya Esfandiari, aughter of a high Persian dignitary and a German mother.

Soraya was reported to have arrived in Teheran on Sunday with the Shah's sister, Princess Shams, who has been in Paris.

Italian Missionaries Murdered

VATICAN CITY, October 9 (PTI-Reuter): Vatican circles reported tonight that two Italian missionaries in Burma had been murdered by rebels and thrown into a river.

The missionaries, Father Mario Fergana and Father Pietro Gallarti, were carried off by rebels from a mission station in Toungoo.

Vatican circles said it was now learned that both were killed on the day of their capture. Their bodies had been thrown into the river Salween.

Ruling On High Court Judges

NEW DELHI, Oct. 10 (UPI).—A contention that judges of high court, who had resigned before the enforcement of the Constitution, were not the judges of the High Court according to the Constitution, was thrown out by a full bench of the Supreme Court of India today.

This contention was made by the counsel of Naqui Karan of Bihar, while moving for special leave to appeal against the Patna High Court Judgment sentencing Naqui Karan to 18 months' R.I. on charges of theft.

The petitioner's argument was Justice Agrawalla of the Patna High Court, who had dismissed his revision petition, could not legally function as an 'ad hoc' judge of the High Court, as he had resigned from the bench of the High Court before the Constitution came into force.

Their Lordships rejected the petition.

FOLLOW GANDHI TO ACHIEVE PEACE

Birmingham Bishop's Appeal

BIRMINGHAM, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Dr. Ernest Barnes, Bishop of Birmingham, said today that Mahatma Gandhi was without doubt the greatest religious leader in India during the present century.

"In him the influence of Christ was far more manifest than in many nominal Christians, for like Christ, he was a peacemaker", he declared at a religious service here.

"May it not be that some of the peoples of the world, inspired by leaders like Gandhi and Sun-Yat-Sen, will move mankind to the reputation of an evil which, so far, we in England dare not set aside?" he asked.

TRUMAN SHOULD MEET NEHRU IN INDIA

U. S. Far Eastern Expert's Suggestion

SCHENECTADY, (New York), Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. Owen Lattimore, Far Eastern Expert, has suggested a meeting in India between President Truman and Prime Minister Nehru.

Mr. Lattimore, in an address here last night, said the move would dramatise that we are giving Asia high priority in international affairs."

Mr. Lattimore said the President's trip, if the meeting were arranged, should be made by way of Europe, rather than the Pacific, to "emphasise that we would like to see the problems of Asia handled on an equal basis with those of Europe."

INDEPENDENT LIBYA BY 1952

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. Adrian Pelt, United Nations Commissioner for Libya, yesterday expressed confidence that the former Italian colony can become an independent sovereign state by the General Assembly's deadline of January 1, 1952.

He was reporting to the Assembly's Ad Hoc Political Committee on progress of the embryo Libyan State, comprising the 679,358 square miles of Italy's three former colonies of Tripolitania, Cyrenaica and the Fezzan.

The Committee could expect a Libyan constituent assembly, to draft the constitution and establish a government, would be convened before the end of this year, he added.

SENATOR'S CONVICTION UPHELD

Disorderly Conduct During Election Campaign

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Senator Glen Taylor (Democrat, Idaho) learned yesterday that if he sets foot again in the southern state of Albama he will be liable to spend 180 days in gaol.

The United States Supreme Court refused the Senator a review of his conviction on disorderly conduct charges in Birmingham, Alabama, during the 1948 election campaign.

He had appealed against the decision of an Alabama State Court which fined him 50 dollars together with the prison term.

After being informed in Pocatello, Idaho, of the Supreme Court's decision the Senator shrugged and said, "Oh well I can get along without going to Alabama."

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THE INDIAN who climbed a tree in Johore and threatened to hang himself if his wife was not taken away by her parents, got away with it. Partly this was due to his providing himself thoughtfully with a rope and largely to the natural inexperience of the Deputy Commissioner of Labour who has not normally to deal with this kind of situation. In any case, the Deputy Commissioner after a talk with the man—was it carried on with the Deputy Commissioner at the foot of the tree and the other, like Zacchaeus perched on top of the tree? —decided that he was serious and told the parents to take the girl away.

I knew a case which was better handled though, I must confess, it was done before and not after the marriage. A young friend of mine whose filial piety and natural goodness had been spoilt by seeing too many Hollywood productions, was told by his father that on the appointed day he would have to marry a certain girl whose absence of looks was generally taken to indicate a sterling character. The young fellow was in a dither after this announcement and confided in his friends that his soul shrank from the union. Anyway he was wise enough to keep his mouth shut in the family circle and managed to pass the days. On the day before the ceremony, however, his discretion gave way to a sudden spurt of valour. Choosing the auspicious moment when the old man was relaxing after a heavy meal, he told him that the marriage did not appeal to him. After much inquiry, the truth was out: He did not think the girl good-looking enough.

The father rose from his armchair. He was a man of few words but his face showed that his temper was up. Walking up to the boy, he caught him by his ears which stuck out boldly, led him to a mirror and said, "Look at yourself. Are you good-looking? Do you think that but for the fact that you see yourself everyday in the mirror, you could put up with that face? And think that in a few years' time you will be as accustomed to HER face as you are to your own."

The objection was overruled.

The Deputy Commissioner, unless he really found out the reason and tactfully concealed it, did not certainly go about the right way of solving his problem. If he was tactful, then he deserves a promotion.

NO CEASE-FIRE IN AMBON

U.N. Plea Rejected

DJAKARTA, Oct. 10. (PTI-Reuter): The Indonesian Government has rejected an appeal by the United Nations Commission for Indonesia for a Cease-fire in Ambon, the Commission announced tonight.

The Commission was considering what further action it would take. A well informed source said tonight the Commission might refer the matter to the Security Council.

EXTENSION OF LIE'S TERM OF OFFICE

Soviet Objection

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 9 (PTI-Reuter), (delayed in transmission): Russia today objected at a secret session of the Security Council to the extension of Mr. Trygve Lie's term of office as Secretary-General of the United Nations.

It was learned that Soviet delegate Jacob Malik's objection was not so much directed at Mr. Lie personally, as at the principle of extension to the five-year term.

Dr. Ales Bebler, Yugoslav delegate, proposed that Mr. Lie's term be extended by two or three years. Mr. Lie's five-year term as Secretary-General expires in February.

U. S. DEFENCE PLANS GOING AHEAD

Mr. Marshall's Confidence

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Secretary of Defence General George Marshall said today that while most of the work of the United States rearmament programme still lay ahead, he was confident it would be accomplished.

"The national defence is now gaining in its military phase" the General said in a speech prepared for a workers' rally here.

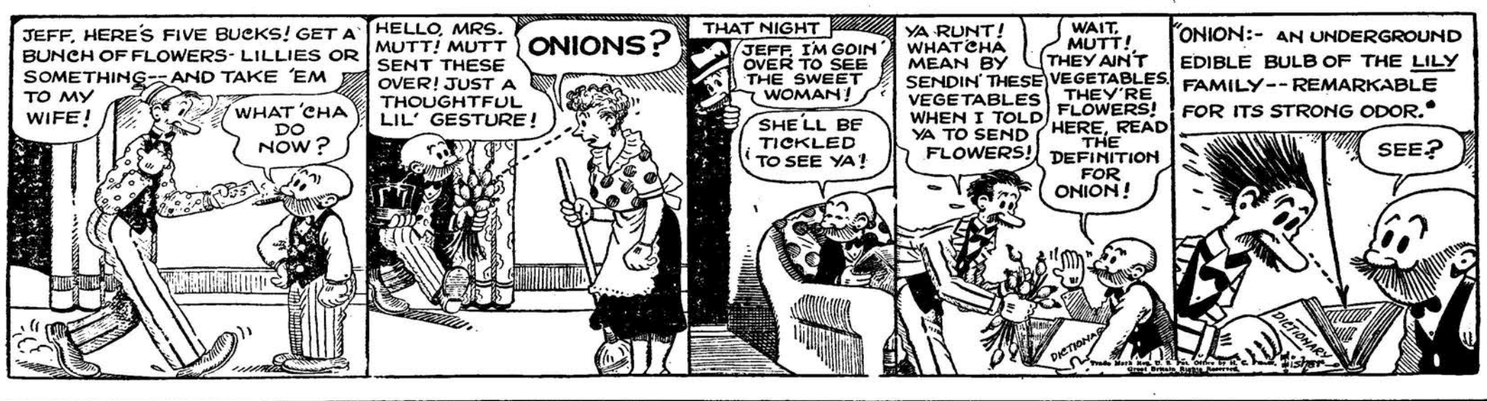
"We are preparing to mobilise our resources on a tremendous scale to strengthen our combat potential and that of our associates" he said.

Strike In North Italy

TURIN (Northwest Italy), Oct. 10 (PTI-Reuter-: A 14-hour Communist-called general strike began in the North Italian province of Piedmont today in support of labourers in the rich rice fields, on strike for a fortnight demanding a new labour contract. Strong police reinforcements guarded rice fields, farms and factories.

MUTT AND JEFF—At Least They Last Longer Anyway

By BUD FISHER


JEFF, HERE'S FIVE BUCKS! GET A BUNCH OF FLOWERS- LILLIES OR SOMETHING--AND TAKE 'EM TO MY WIFE!
WHAT 'CHA DO NOW?
HELLO, MRS. MUTT! MUTT SENT THESE OVER! JUST A THOUGHTFUL LIL' GESTURE!
ONIONS?
THAT NIGHT
JEFF I'M GOIN' OVER TO SEE THE SWEET WOMAN!
SHE'LL BE TICKLED TO SEE YA!
YA RUNT! WHAT'CHA MEAN BY SENDIN' THESE VEGETABLES WHEN I TOLD YA TO SEND FLOWERS!
WAIT, MUTT! THEY AIN'T VEGETABLES. THEY'RE FLOWERS! HERE, READ THE DEFINITION FOR ONION!
"ONION:- AN UNDERGROUND EDIBLE BULB OF THE LILY FAMILY-- REMARKABLE FOR ITS STRONG ODOR."
SEE?
DICTIONARY

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